

POLITICAL FILE

KOLOKOLOV, N., brigadir kirkpichnogo zavoda; YAZHGUNOVICH, P., gruschik;
IVASHEV, Ye., sortirovshchik; KALENIK, I., gruschik; FLEMINTOV, N.,
sortirovshchik; MATENKO, G., gruschik; YEDOSHIKO, L., rabotnitsa
kirkpichnogo zavoda.

Powerless shop committee. Sov.profsoiuzy 4 no.11:76-77 N 156.
(MLRA 101)

(Lumbering)

TRUKHANOV, V.A.; BASEMAKOVA, Ye.G.; FEDESENKO, N.M.

Reconstruction of an open-hearth furnace using accelerated production-line methods. Prom. stroi. 38 no. 12;8-14 '60.

(MIRA 13:12)

(Open-hearth furnaces)

SLIPCHENKO, P.S., *glav. red.*; KUCHERENKO, K.R., *red.*; FILIONENKO, K.I., *red.*; LESNAYA, A.A., *red.*; ABYZOV, A.G., *red.*; BUDNIKOV, M.S., *red.*; VETROV, Yu.A., *red.*; GLADKIY, V.I., *red.*; GOLOSOV, V.A., *red.*; IZMAYLOV, V.G., *red.*; MANYUKA, N.S., *red.*; KAIPOV, E.A., *red.*; KLINDUKE, A.M., *red.*; KUSHNAREV, N.Ye., *red.*; LUYK, A.I., *kand. tekhn. nauk, red.*; NEMENKO, L.A., *red.*; RYBAL'SKIY, V.I., *red.*; SITNIK, I.P., *red.*; FEDOSENKO, N.M., *red.*; FILAKHTOV, A.L., *kand. tekhn. nauk, red.*; KHILOBOCHENKO, K.S., *red.*; VORONKOVA, L.V., *red.*; KIYANICHENKO, N.S., *red.*

[Construction industry: technology and mechanization of the construction industry; the economics and organization of construction] Stroitel'noe proizvodstvo: tekhnologiya i me-khanizatsiya stroitel'nogo proizvodstva; ekonomika i organizatsiya stroitel'stva. Kiev, Budivel'nyk, 1965. 180 p.

(MIRA 18:4)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut stroitel'nogo proizvodstva. 2. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut stroitel'nogo proizvodstva (for Luyk, Filakhtov).

Fedosenko, M. V.

To end

1568

STRIPPING OF SINGLY CHARGED ARGON IONS IN
HELIUM, NEON, AROON, AND KRYPTON AT 40 TO 180
KEV. D. M. Kaminker and M. V. Fedosenko. Zbir. Tets.
Phys. 23, 1843-83(1955) Nov. - Reprinted

Results of experiments determined the existence of a
single stage stripping process with simultaneous expulsion
of a large number of electrons out of the ion shell. The
stripping process of the $A^+ \rightarrow A^{2+}$, $A^+ \rightarrow A^{3+}$, $A^+ \rightarrow A^{4+}$,
 $A^+ \rightarrow A^{5+}$, $A^+ \rightarrow A^{6+}$, and $A^+ \rightarrow A^{7+}$ was observed. Effective
cross sections were obtained for ions stripped while in their
initial forward motion. (S.V.J.)

(1)

EMT

FEDOSENKO, R.Ya.

Use of new layouts and their technical and economic evaluation.
Trudy LIEI no.41:52-57 '62. (MIRA 17:6)

1. Akademiya kommunal'nogo khozyaystva imeni Pamfilova.

FADOLENKO, R.Ya., inzh.; CHABROW, I.M., red. vypuska; DYUSKIN, V.K.,
doktor tekhn.nauk, nauchnyy red.

[Method for calculating the reliability of municipal electric
power distribution networks] Metod rascheta nadezhnosti elektro-
snabzheniya potrebiteli gorodskikh elektrosetei. Moskva, Otdel-
nauchno-tekhn.informatsii Akad., 1959. 69 p.

(MIRA 14:5)

(Electric power distribution)

SOV/91-59-8-22/28

8(6), 9(2)

AUTHOR:

Fedosenko, R.Ya., Engineer

TITLE:

Fuses in Municipal Low Voltage Power Networks

PERIODICAL:

Energetik, 1959, Nr 8, pp 33-37 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The author suggests the application of better fuses in municipal low voltage power networks. At the present time, fuses of type "P" (open copper wire) or "SP0" (copper wire enclosed in a porcelain tube) are used. The copper wires in the fuses "age", which means that they are gradually oxidized because of the high operating temperature which intensifies the oxidizing process. For example, operating temperatures of "SP0" fuses, having a length of 250 mm and 1.4-2.2 mm wire diameter, are about 520-540°C. The working temperatures of "P" fuses, having a length of 150-180 mm and a wire diameter of 1.35-1.74 mm, are 380-460°C. Investigations conducted in the cable network of Lehenergo showed that tinned fuses operating at 250°C had a 2.5% higher resistance after 100 hours of work. Fuses are manufactured by the power distribution systems, for example in the mechanical workshops of

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SOV/91-59-8-22/28

Fuses in Municipal Low Voltage Power Networks

MKS Mosenergo, a typewriter plant, by the cooperative "Leninskiy metallist" of Mosoblmetskpromsoyuz and other enterprises. The quality of the fuses produced by different manufacturers is poor, since the majority of producers cannot provide the required quality control. In addition there are no definitely established requirements for "P" and "SP0" fuses. The operating characteristics of these types are completely unsatisfactory. The author recommends a reduction of the operating temperature of the fuses by reducing their melting point. The melting point should be reduced by using the so-called "metallurgical effect", i.e. the copper wire is dissolved by a metal with a lower melting point applied as a coat to the fuse wire. The author reports on some experiments using solder POS-30 for this purpose which he applied as a bead in the center of the fuse. The fuse wire was bent to a loop; thus the flowing away of the molten solder was prevented. Experiments with such copper wires of up to 1mm diameter were conducted at VEI. The author presents a table in which he compares operating characteristics of fuses "P", "SP0" and "MKS" with

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30V/91-59-8-22/28

Fuses in Municipal Low Voltage Power Networks

and without additional metal for dissolving the fuse wire. He states that the best results are obtained with 60-70mm long fuses with metal for dissolving the wire. These should be installed during routine maintenance inspections at all switchboards and panels. A note from the editor says that the present system of producing fuses should be forbidden. The electrical industry must increase the output of high-quality, calibrated fuses with a lower melting point. In the past, numerous power failures were caused by burning of fuses. There are 2 graphs, 1 table and 2 references, 1 of which is English and 1 Soviet.

Card 3/3

TOMAZOV, A.I.; PEDOSENKO, R.Ya.; ZEL'TSBURG, L.M., kand.tekhn.nauk

Concerning the determination of the optimum power coefficient. Prom.
energ. 16 no.5:35-37 My '61. (MIRA 14:7)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut zhelezno-dorozhnogo transporta Ministerstva putey soobshcheniya (for Tamazov).
2. Gor'kovskiy politekhnicheskiy institut (for Zel'tsburg).
(Electric railroads—Current supply)

FEDOSENKO, R.Ya., kand.tekhn.nauk; Prinimal uchastiye GRULINSKIY, P.G., prof.;
SHISTER, G.M., red.; GANKINA, R.G., tekhn.red.

[Efficient use of transformers in municipal electric power distribution networks] Ratsional'noe ispol'sovanie transformatorov v gorodskikh elektricheskikh setiakh. [Moskva] 1962. 10 p. (Akademika kommunal'nogo khozaiistva. Informatsionnoe pis'mo, no.7).

(MIRA 16:8)

1. Moskovskiy energeticheskiy institut (for Grudinsky).
(Electric transformers) (Electric power distribution)

GRUDINSKIY, P.G., prof.; FEDOSENKO, R.Ya., kand.tekhn.nauk

Conditions for the efficient operation of electric transformers in
municipal electric power distribution networks. Elek.sta. 33 no.2:
45-49 F '62. (MIRA 15:3)
(Electric power distribution)(Electric transformers)

PEDOSENKO, Radiy Yakovlevich; VORONTSOV, F.F., red.

[Transformers in local electric power distribution networks]
Transformator v mestnoi raspredelitel'noi elektricheskoi seti.
Moskva, Izd-vo M-va kommun.khoz.RSFSR, 1963. 83 p.
(MIRA 17:3)

VENIKOV, V.A.; TELESHEV, B.L.; CHERNIKHOV, A.M.; IOKHVIDOV, E.S.;
GLAZUNOV, A.A. ; FEDOSENKO, R.Ya.; FIGNER, L.M. ; LERMAN,
D.N.; MEL'NIKOV, N.A.

I.S.Bessmerthyi; on his 60th birthday. Elektrichestvo no.10:
93 0 '63. (MIRA 16:11)

FEDOSENKO, R.Ya., kand.tekhn.nauk (Moskva); MIRER, G.V., inzh. (Moskva)

Consumption of electric power in dwellings. Elektrichestvo no.3:14-20
Mr '63. (MIRA 16:4)
(Electric power)

FEDOSENKO, R.Ya., kand. tekhn. nauk (Moskva)

Design of residential and public utility networks. Elektrichestvo
no.4:25-28 Ap '65. (MIRA 18:5)

BARANOV, Boris Mikhaylovich; POKLAD, Petr Grigor'yevich;
SMIRNOV, Leonid Petrovich; FOMICHEV, G.I.; FRIDKIN,
I.A.; FEDOSENKO, R.Ya., nauchn. red.; SHUMILOVA, Ye.M.,
red.

[Construction and operation of municipal cable networks]
Sooruzhenie i ekspluatatsiya gorodskikh kabel'nykh setei.
Moskva, Vysshiaia shkola, 1965. 321 p. (MIRA 18:7)

FEDOSENKO, R.Ya., kand. tekhn. nauk (Moskva); REYNVALD, O.A. [Reinvalds, O.]
(Riga); GNEVKO, D.G., inzh. (Minsk); ZAROZHNYY, A.M., inzh. (Minsk);
VOYTKO, A.M., inzh. (Minsk); FEDOROV, Ye.Ye., inzh. (Minsk);
AYZENBERG, B.L., doktor tekhn. nauk (Leningrad)

Protection of closed-loop networks. Elektrichestvo no.2:
83-89 F '65. (MIRA 18:3)

BRAGIN, S.M., doktor tekhn.nauk, prof.; FEDOSENKO, A.Ya., kand.tekhn.nauk;
VOIKOV, M.I., inzh.

Permissible loads of power cables with viscous impregnating
compounds. Elektrichesivo no.5:30-35 My. 165.

1. Akademiya kommunal'nogo khozyaystva imeni Parfilcova, Leningrad.
(MIRA 18:6)

FEDOSENKO, V., inzhener.

Effect of the lack of technical coordination upon the production
of sausage from poultry and rabbit meat. Mias.ind.SSSR 25 no.1:
32-33 '54.
(MLRA 7:3)

1. Moskovskiy ptitseskombinat.

(Sausages)

IZOTOV, V.P.; FEDOSENKO, Yu.K.

Automatic looping control system for wire mills. Avtom. i prib.
no.4:8-10 O-D '63. (MIRA 16:12)

1. Dnepropetrovskiy filial Instituta avtomatiki Pridneprovskogo
soveta narodnogo khozyaystva.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, July 27, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R00041272

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FEDOSENKO, Yu.K.

Spectral density of electric signals induced in induction pickups
by a magnetic field of defects of the linear dipole type.
Defektoskopija 1 no. 3:53-60 '65.

(MIRA 18:8)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut introskopii.

L 11663-66 EWT(m)/EWA(d)/EWP(t)/EWP(z)/EWP(b) IIP(c) MW/JD

ACC NR: AP5026212

SOURCE CODE: UR/0381/65/000/004/0008/0016

AUTHOR: Fedosenko, Yu. K.

ORG: Scientific Research Institute of Endoscopy (Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut introskopii)

35
30
B

TITLE: Eddy currents in a thin nonmagnetic plate moving relative to point magnetic poles

SOURCE: Defektoskopiya, no. 4, 1965, 8-16

TOPIC TAGS: eddy current, magnet, quality control, microwave spectroscopy

ABSTRACT: The problem is formulated as follows: a thin nonmagnetic plate of infinite length and width moves with constant speed relative to point magnetic poles in the direction of the x axis. The poles are located on one side (dipoles in the limit) or on both sides of the plate. Optimum conditions for disclosing defects are found to be dependent on the source of the primary field, velocity, and location of the defect. While established for linear fields, the general laws governing the distribution of eddy currents in a moving plate hold true for any source. The current distribution picture must reflect the fact that the distribution curves are closed. The secondary magnetic field (current field) must be considered as resulting from two eddies in series such that their point of juncture is displaced along the axis of mo-

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ACC NR: AP5026212

tion as velocity increases. Values of linear current density are given for copper, aluminum, brass, rail steel and EI673 steel, for various resistivities, velocities (1, 10, 20 meters/second), and magnetic field strengths (10, 50, 100, 500 oersteds).
Orig. art. has: 3 figures, 1 table, 33 formulas.

SUB CODE: 0,11,20/

SUBM DATE: 10May65/

ORIG REF: 007/ OTH REF: 000

Card 2/2

VOROB'YEV, Vasiliy Aleksandrovich, prof., doktor tekhn.nauk, zasluzhennyj deyatel' nauki i tekhniki RSFSR. Prinimali uchastiye: GLYBIN, V.S., starshiy prepodavatel'; DENISOV, A.A., kand.tekhn.nauk, dotsent; KOMAR, A.G., kand.tekhn.nauk, dotsent; FEDOSEV, G.P., starshiy prepodavatel'. MARTYNOV, R.P., red.; VORONINA, R.K., tekhn.red.

[Building materials] Stroitel'nye materialy. Izd.3., rasshirennoe i perer. Moskva, Vysshiaia shkola, 1962. 496 p.

(MIRA 15:5)

(Building materials)

HELIKOV, V.A.; BESSMERTNYY, I.S.; GLAZUNOV, A.A.; IOKHVIDOV, E.S.;
KUZLOV, V.A.; KUZNETSOV, K.S.; MIRER, G.V.; SOLDATKINA, L.A.;
FEDOSENKO, R.Ya.

"Fundamental problems concerning the design of municipal electric power distribution networks" by B.L. Aizenberg and S.N. Nikogosov. Reviewed by V.A. Belikov and others. Elektrichestvo no.7:93-94 Jl '62. (MIRA 15:7)

1. Moskovskiy inzhenerno-ekonomicheskiy institut imeni S. Ordzhonikidze (for Belikov).
2. Giprokommunenergo (for Bessmertnyy).
3. Moskovskiy energeticheskiy institut (for Glazunov, Soldatkina).
4. Moskovskoye rayonnoye upravleniye energeticheskogo khozyaystva (for Iokhvidov).
5. Leningradskaya kabel'naya set' Leningradskogo upravleniya energokhozyaystvom Glavenergo Ministerstva elektrostantsiy SSSR (for Kozlov).
6. Mosinzhproyekt (for Kuznetsov).
7. Upravleniye po proyektirovaniyu zhilishchno-grazhdanskogo i komunal'nogo stroitel'stva g. Moskvy (for Mirer).
8. Akademiya komunal'nogo khozyaystva im. K.D. Pamfilova (for Fedosenko).

(Electric power distribution)
(Aizenberg, B.L.) (Nikogosov, S.N.)

BRAGIN, S.M., doktor tekhn.nauk, prof. (Moskva); FEDOSENKO, R.Ya., kand.
tekhn.nauk (Moskva); VOLKOV, M.I., inzh. (Moskva)

Concerning the permissible loads of power cables. Elektrichestvo
no.12:70-73 D '62.
(Electric cables) (MIRA 15:12)
(Electric power distribution)

BIRYUKOV, V.M., inzh.; MART'YANOV, G.I.; KALETINA, T.V., inzh.; GRISHCHENKO, L.V., inzh.; PEDOSEYENKO, G.I., inzh.

Welding a high-strength alloy spiral turbine chamber at the
Krasnoyarsk Hydro-electric Power Station. [Trudy]LMZ no.11:
189-201 '64.
(MIRA 17:12)

MEL'NIKOV, N.N.; ZUBOV, M.F.; TRUNOV, P.N.; SANIN, M.A.; FEDOSEYENKO, L.G.; UKRAINETS, N.S.; PIVOVAROVA, T.M.

Fungicide for controlling powdery mildew fungi. Zashch. rast. ot
vred. i bol. 8 no.1:31 Ja '63. (MIRA 16:5)
(Fungicides) (Mildew)

ZUBOV, M.F.; FEDOSEYENKO, L.G.; SANIN, M.A.; PIVOVAROVA, T.M.; ZIL'BERMINTS,
I.V., kand. Biol. nauk; FADEYEV, Yu.N., kand. sel'skokhoz. nauk;
ZHURAVLEVA, L.M.; KIPIANI, A.A., aspirant; MEL'NIKOV, N.N.;
BOCHAROVA, L.P.; SHVETSOVA-SHILOVSKAYA, K.D.; SHAPOVALOV, G.K.;
SPIRINA, T.A.; SEDYKH, A.S.; ZINCHENKO, V.A., aspirantka

From experiments in the use of new preparations. Zashch. rast.
ot vred. i bol. 8 no.10:24-26 0 '63. (MIRA 17:6)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut khimicheskikh
sredstv zashchity rasteniy (for Zubov, Fedoseyenko, Sanin,
Pivovarova). 2. Gruzinskiy institut zashchity rasteniy (for
Kipiani). 3. Moskovskaya ordena Lenina sel'skokhozyaystvennaya
akademiya im Timiryazeva (for Zinchenko).

ZUBOV, M.F.; SANIN, M.A.; FEDOSEYENKO, L.G.; UKRAINETS, N.S.; PIVOVAROVA, T.M.; MATVIYEVSKIY, kand.biolog.nauk; ROSLAVTSEVA, S.A.

From practices in the use of poisonous chemicals. Zashch. rast.
ot vred. i bol. 8 no.11:23-24 N '63. (MIRA 17:3)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut khimicheskikh sredstv zashchity rasteniy. (for all, except Matviyevskiy). 2. Mlevskaya optytnaya stantsiya sadovodstva im. L.P.Simirenko, Cherkasskaya obl., Gorodishche (for Matviyevskiy).

ZUBOV, M.F.; SANIN, M.A.; FEDOSEYENKO, L.G.; UKRAINETS, N.S.

Preparations of fungicidal effect. Zashch. rast. ot vred. i bol.
9 no.1:28 '64. (MIRA 17:4)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut khimicheskikh
sredstv zashchity rasteniy.

TYRTYY-00L, Yu., uchenik 10 klassa; LOPSANCHAP, O.Ch., chaban, Geroy
Sotsialisticheskogo Truda; KYRGYS, S.B., chaban; YURTAYEV, I.S.;
FEDOSEYENKO, N.A., kulturuzovod

We shall put into practice the resolutions of the January Plenum
of the Central Committee of the CPSU. Uch.zap.Tuv.nauch.-
issl.inst.iaz.lit.i ist. no.9:14-29 '61. (MIRA 15:5)

1. Turanskaya srednyaya shkola (for Tyrtyy-ool). 2. Kolkhoz "30 let
Oktyabrya", Dzun-Khemchikskogo rayona (for Lopsanchap). 3. Kolkhoz
"Torgalyg" Ovyurskogo rayona (for Krygys). 4. Direktor sovkoza
"Krasnyy partizan" (for Yurtayev).

(Tuva A.S.S.R.—Agriculture)

FEDOSEYENKO, N. Ye.

Dec/Oct 53

USSR/Geophysics - Seismic Prospecting

"The Procedure for Checking Sensitivity and for Determining the Frequency and Amplitude Characteristics of Seismic Receiver Channels with the Aid of a Magneto-electric Oscillator," N. Ye. Fedoseyenko and G. V. Groshevoy, Geophys Inst, Acad

Sci USSR

Iz Ak Nauk SSSR, Ser Geofiz, No 5, pp 424-428

Describe how to check sensitivity to det freq and amplitude characteristics of seismic receiver channels specially developed by a magneto electric oscillator (MGPA), which gives the intensity of the sinusoidal form with const ratio of amplitude to freq. Present the results of the expts and corresponding oscillograms. Recommend wide use of the oscillator in seismic prospecting.

267T75

USSR/Physics of the Earth - Seismology, 0-3

Abst Journal: Referat Zhur - Fizika, No 12, 1956, 36360

Author: Ventskevich, Ye. V., Pasechnik, I. P., Fedoseyenko, N. Ye.

Institution: None

Title: Application of a Driven Sweep in the Recording of Seismic Vibrations

Original

Periodical: Izv. AN SSSR, Ser. Geofiz., 1956, No 5, 525-533

Abstract: Description of a method and apparatus for a multi-channel photographic recording of seismic vibrations, the time of arrival of which is unknown beforehand, with the speed of the sweep being capable of being raised to 50 mm/sec. The method is based on using a driven sweep in the registers, automatically switched in at the instant that the first pulse of a ~~seismograph~~ arrives at the seismograph.

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YEDOSEYENKO, N.Y.

Portable high-frequency station for parametric measurements.
Izv.AN SSSR Ser.geofiz.no.7:794-800 J1 '56. (MIRA 9:9)

1.Akademiya nauk SSSR, Geofizicheskiy institut.
(Seismometers) (Prospecting--Geophysical methods)

FEDOSEYENKO, N.Ye.

49-1-13/16

AUTHORS: Pasechnik, I.P. and Fedoseyenko, N.Ye.

TITLE: Electrodynamic Microbarograph with Galvanometer Recording
(Elektrodinamicheskiy mikrobarograf s gal'vanometricheskoy registratsiyey)

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya Akademii Nauk SSSR, Seriya Geofizicheskaya, 1958, Nr 1,
pp 121-130 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: A description is given of a microbarograph which has been developed by the authors of this paper and also of its calibration and examples are given of recordings of microfluctuations of the atmospheric pressure within a wide range of periods of 2-3 sec to 15-20 min. Furthermore, examples are given of the interrelations between such microfluctuations and certain seismic and meteorological phenomena. The microbarograph is produced in two variants, in one of which the sensitive element is an elastic membrane covering one of the walls of the hollow hermetic chamber, in the other the sensitive element consists of a conglomeration of "vidi" boxes. The first-mentioned variant consists of a hermetic chamber of 28 000 cm³ volume, one of the walls of which is covered by an elastic membrane of circular shape made of 0.1 mm thick phosphor bronze; at the centre of the membrane a light rod is fixed.

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49-1-13/16

Electrodynamic Microbarograph with Galvanometer Recording
which transmits the movements of the membrane to a coil of an electro-dynamic transducer. The chamber as well as the transducer is mounted on a base plate 10 x 600 x 400 mm. A sketch of the microbarograph is shown in Fig. 1, the characteristics of both variants are graphed in Fig. 2; Fig. 5 shows an example of recording of microfluctuations of the Earth's atmosphere caused by a wind of a speed of 6 m/sec at the observation point while Fig. 6 shows the recording of long period microfluctuations of the atmospheric pressure obtained during a completely windless period. The obtained results show that the described microbarographs are suitable for long operation in seismic stations and for field expeditions; the given experimental material indicates the necessity of studying more fully the relations between the microfluctuations of the atmospheric pressure and seismic phenomena.
There are 8 figures and 15 references, of which 8 are Russian, 6 English and 1 German.

ASSOCIATION: Ac.Sc.USSR, Institute of Physics of the Earth (Akademiya Nauk SSSR,
Institut Fiziki Zemli)

SUBMITTED: November 28, 1956

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Card 2/2

S/049/59/000/12/016/027

E131/E391

AUTHORS: Pasechnik, I.P. and Fedoseyenko, N.Ye.

28

TITLE: Experiments with the Improved Seismographs, Types SVK
and SGK ✓

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya Akademii nauk SSSR, Seriya geofizicheskaya,
1959, Nr 12, pp 1853 - 1860 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The seismographs SVK and SGK, generally used in the USSR
for recording the longitudinal, transverse and surface
waves, are not sufficiently precise for recording weak
✓ earthquakes of a magnitude $M \sim 4$. The author, therefore,
designed the new improved types, SVK-M and SGK-M, which
are illustrated in Figure 1. Their characteristics are
tabulated in Table 1. The constants of these new seismo-
graphs, as used at the stations of the Soviet zone of
the Antarctic, are given in Table 2 and Figure 2. As an
example, the SVK-M seismograms are compared with those
obtained with SVK (Figure 3). Figure 4 shows an example
of the P-wave obtained with the seismograph SVK-M at the
distance $\Delta = 2650$ km from an underground detonation
of 1 000 tons of explosives ($M \approx 4$). Figures 5 and 6
show seismograms of two earthquakes recorded by the ✓

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S/049/59/000/12/016/027
E131/E391

Experiments with the Improved Seismographs, Types SVK and SGK
seismographs SVK (a) and SVK-M (6 and B).
There are 6 figures, 2 tables and 8 Soviet references.

ASSOCIATION: Akademiya nauk SSSR Institut fiziki Zemli
(Institute of Physics of the Earth, Ac.Sc., USSR)

SUBMITTED: April 1, 1959

✓

Card 2/2

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION

SOV/6029

Arkhangel'skiy, V. T., D. P. Kirnos, A. G. Moskvina, V. N. Solov'yev,
N. Ye. Fedoseyenko, V. M. Fremd, and N. V. Shebalin

Apparatura i metodika nablyudenii na seismicheskikh stantsiyakh SSSR
(Apparatus and Observation Methods at Seismic Stations in the USSR) Moscow,
Izd-vo AN SSSR, 1962. 166 p. Errata printed on inside back cover. 1500 copies
printed.

Sponsoring Agency: Akademiya nauk SSSR. Sovet po seismologii.

Resp. Ed.: D. P. Kirnos, Doctor of Physics and Mathematics; Ed. of Publishing
House: V. M. Fremd; Tech. Eds.: I. A. Makogonova and S. Golub'.

PURPOSE: This book is intended primarily for personnel of Soviet seismic sta-
tions.

COVERAGE: The book consists of three sections. Section I, written by V. T.
Arkhangel'skiy, deals with the elementary theory of seismographs. A descrip-
tion of the basic types of seismographs already in use in the Soviet Union is

Card 1/2 2

Apparatus and Observation Methods (Cont.)

SOV/6029

presented in Section II, which was compiled by D. P. Kirmos and A. G. Moskvina. Section III was written by A. G. Moskvina, V. M. Fremd, and N. V. Shebalin and deals with the methods and techniques of seismic observation. In addition to the authors named above, the following persons, all members of the Institut fiziki Zemli im. O. Yu. Shmidta AN SSSR (Institute of Physics of the Earth, imeni O. Yu. Shmidt Academy of Sciences USSR), took part in the preparation and discussion of the manuscript: N. Ye. Fedoseyenko, V. N. Solov'yev, Z. I. Aronovich, I. L. Nersesov, I. I. Popov, and D. A. Kharin. There are 28 references, all Soviet.

TABLE OF CONTENTS:

Foreword

3

Legend

4

Card 2/12

FEDOSEYENKO, V. I.

"Lubrication of Bearings Used in Reducers of Spherical Grinders," Rab.
energ., 2, No.5, 1952

"Repair of Exhaust Fan Rotor," ibid.

FEDOSEYENKO, V. I.

"Watching the Wear of the Babbitt Metal Filling of the Main Bearings of the
Coal Pulverizers 207/510," Rab. energ., 2, No.7, 1952

CHILIKIN, M.G.; SIROTINSKIY, L.I.; VENIKOV, V.A.; UL'YANOV, S.A.;
GRUDINSKIY, P.G.; MEDOSEVET, A.M.; SOLOV'YEV, I.I.; DROZDOV, N.G.;
SYROMYATNIKOV, I.A.

Aleksandr Aleksandrovich Glazunov; obituary. Elektrичество
no.8:88-89 Ag '60. (MIRA 13:8)
(Glazunov, Aleksandr Aleksandrovich, 1891-1960)

FEDCSEYEV, A. A.

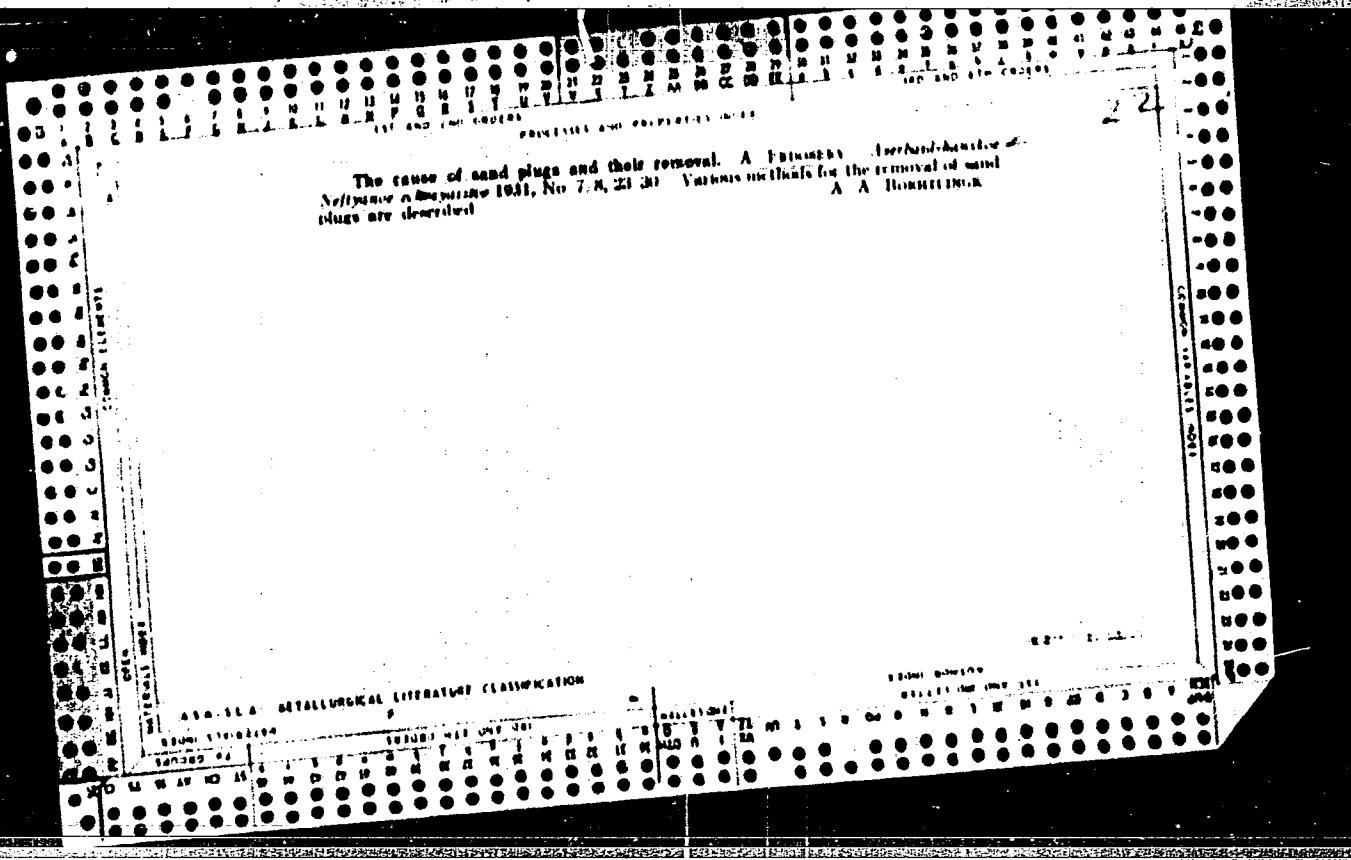
Cand Med Sci - (diss) "Use of physical loads for purposes of study and treatment of patients with coronary insufficiency." Saratov, 1961. 15 pp; (Saratov Med Inst); 280 copies; price not given; (KL, 7-61 sup, 262)

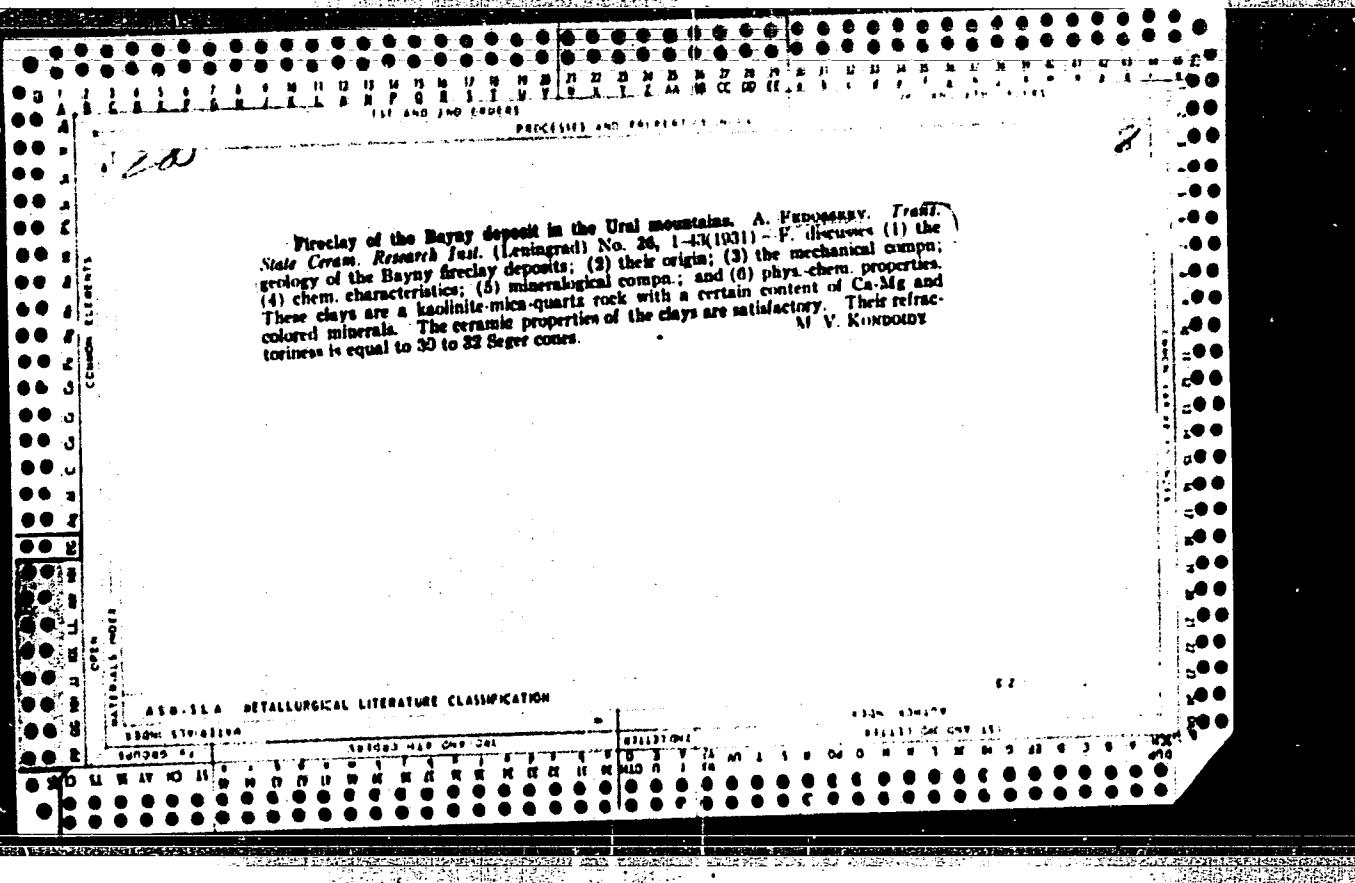
FEDOSEYEV, A.A.

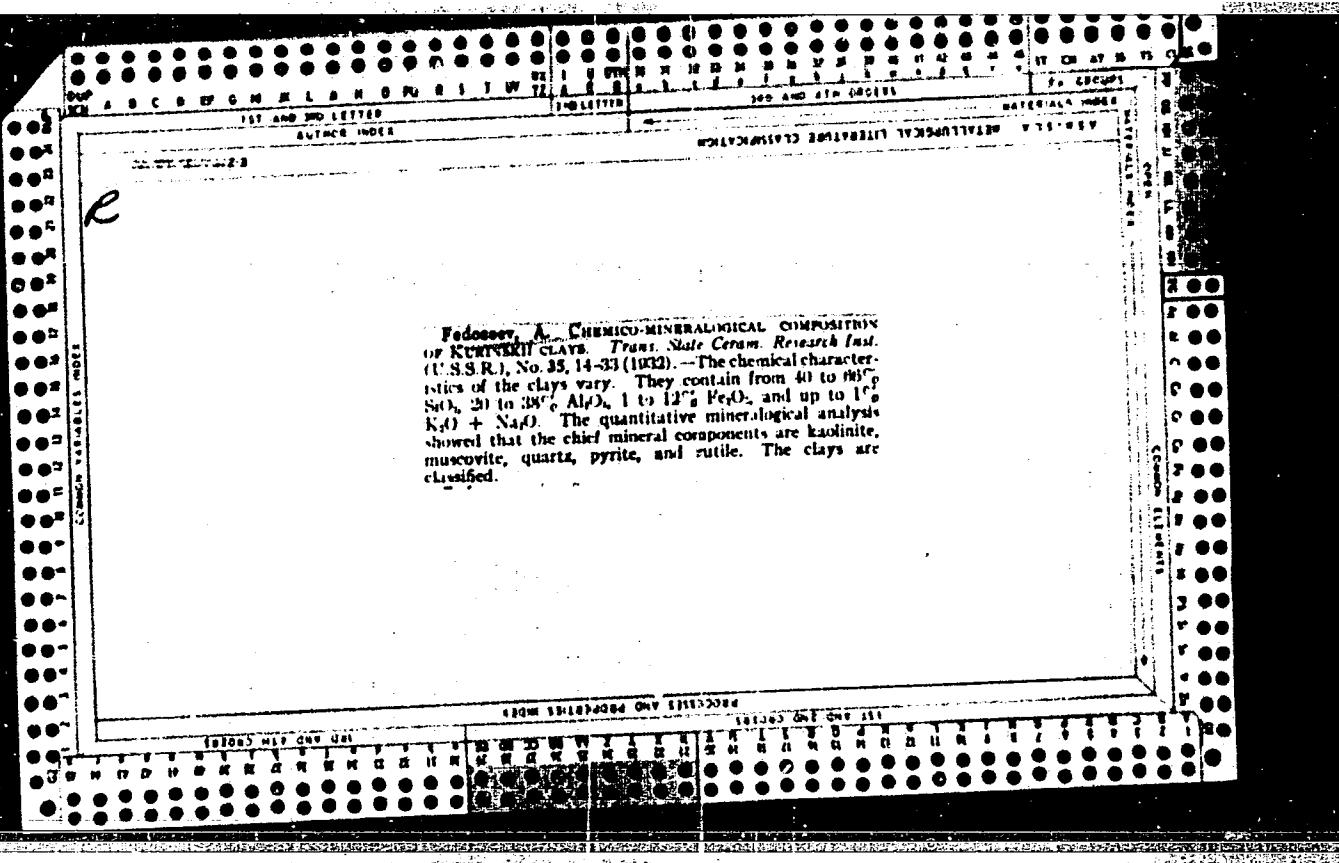
Use of exercise therapy in coronary insufficiency. Vop.kur.,
fizioter. i lech. fiz. Kul't. 27 no.4:325-329 J1-Ag'62
(MIRA 16:11)

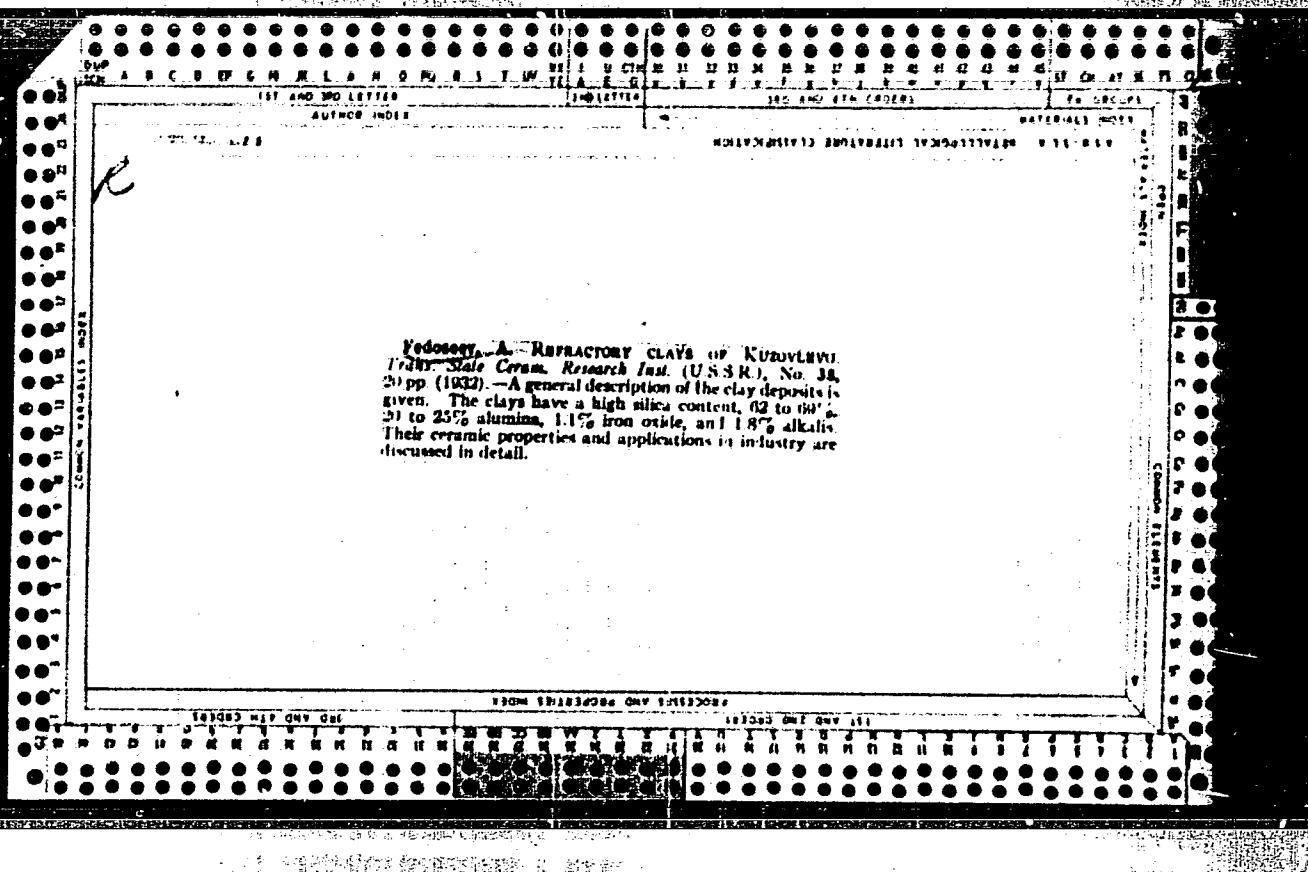
1. Iz kafedry propedevtiki vnutrennikh bolezney (zav.-prof. S.V.
Shestakov) Kuybyshevskogo meditsinskogo instituta (direktor
D.A. Voronov).

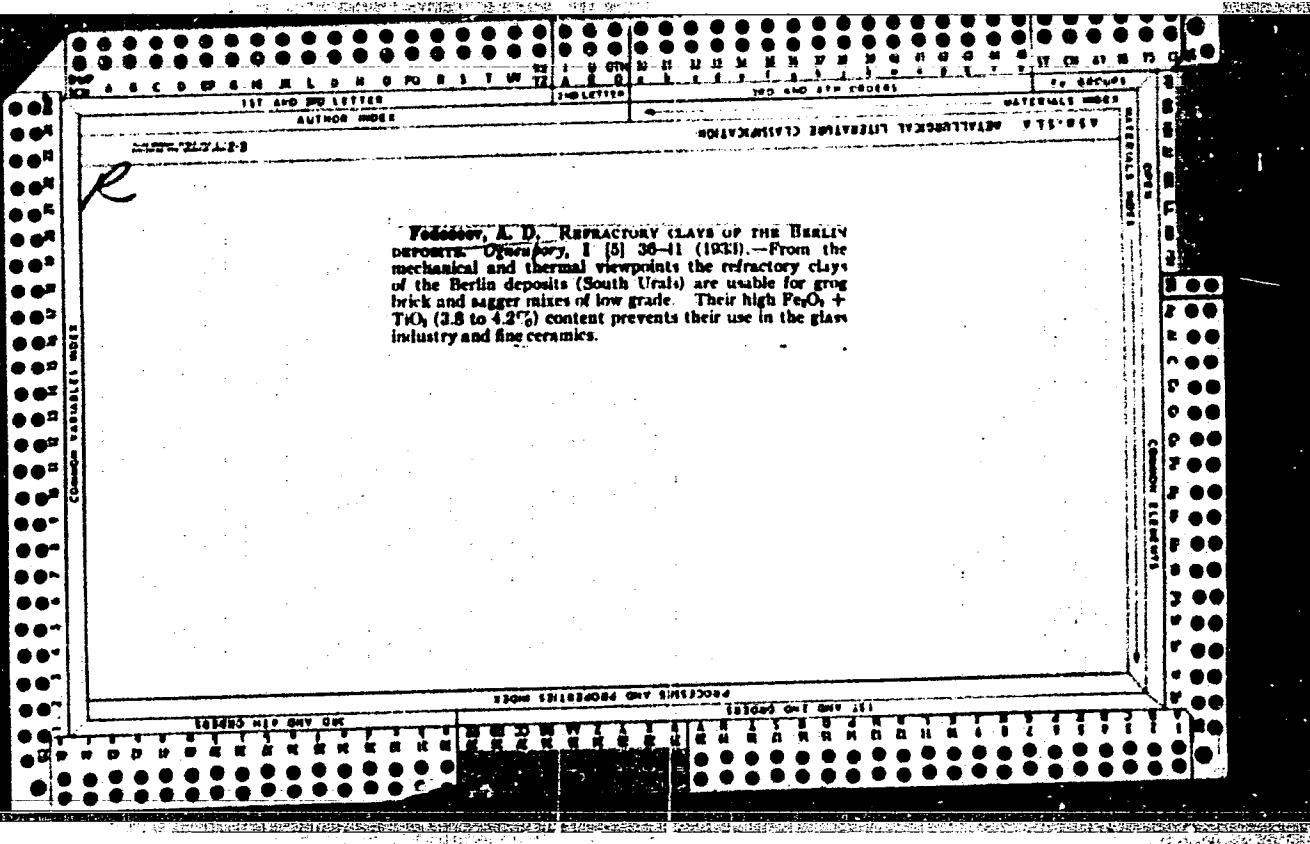
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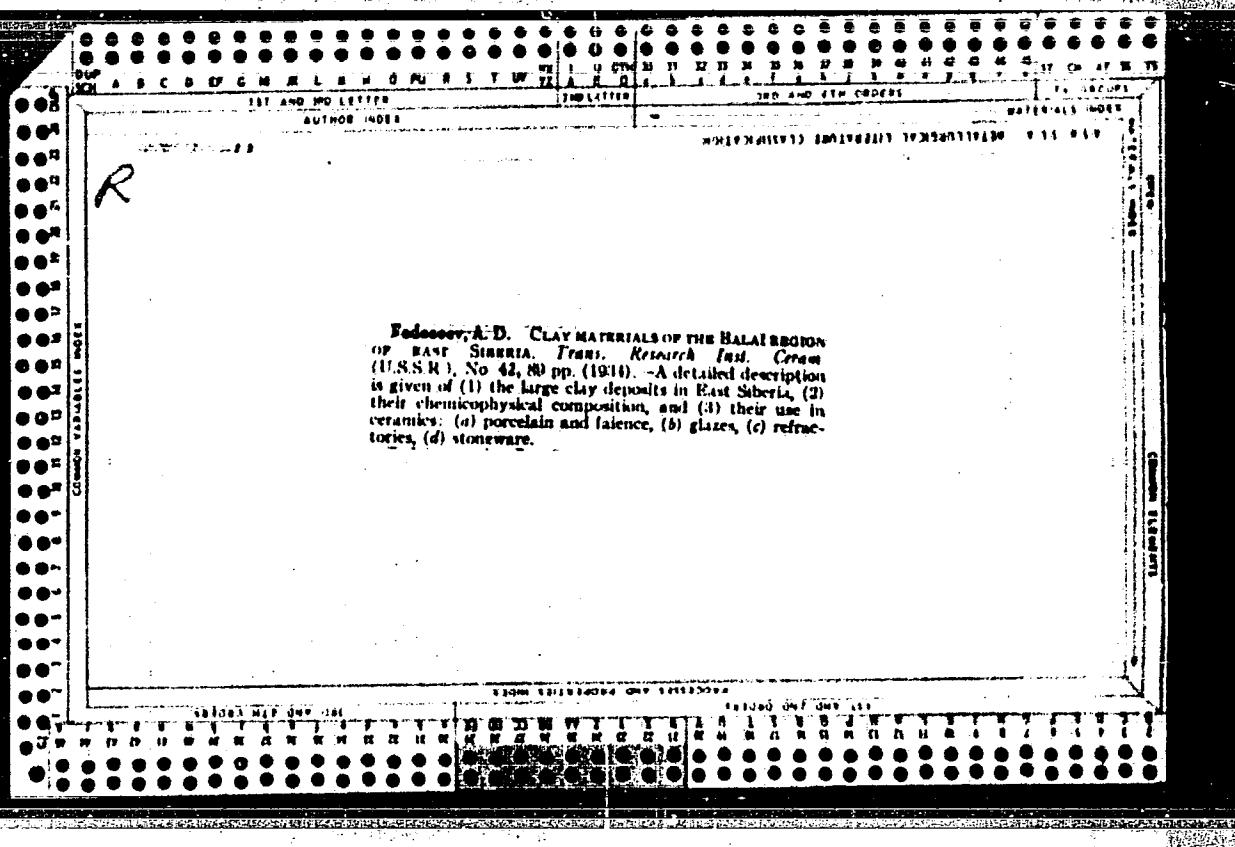
2025 RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176

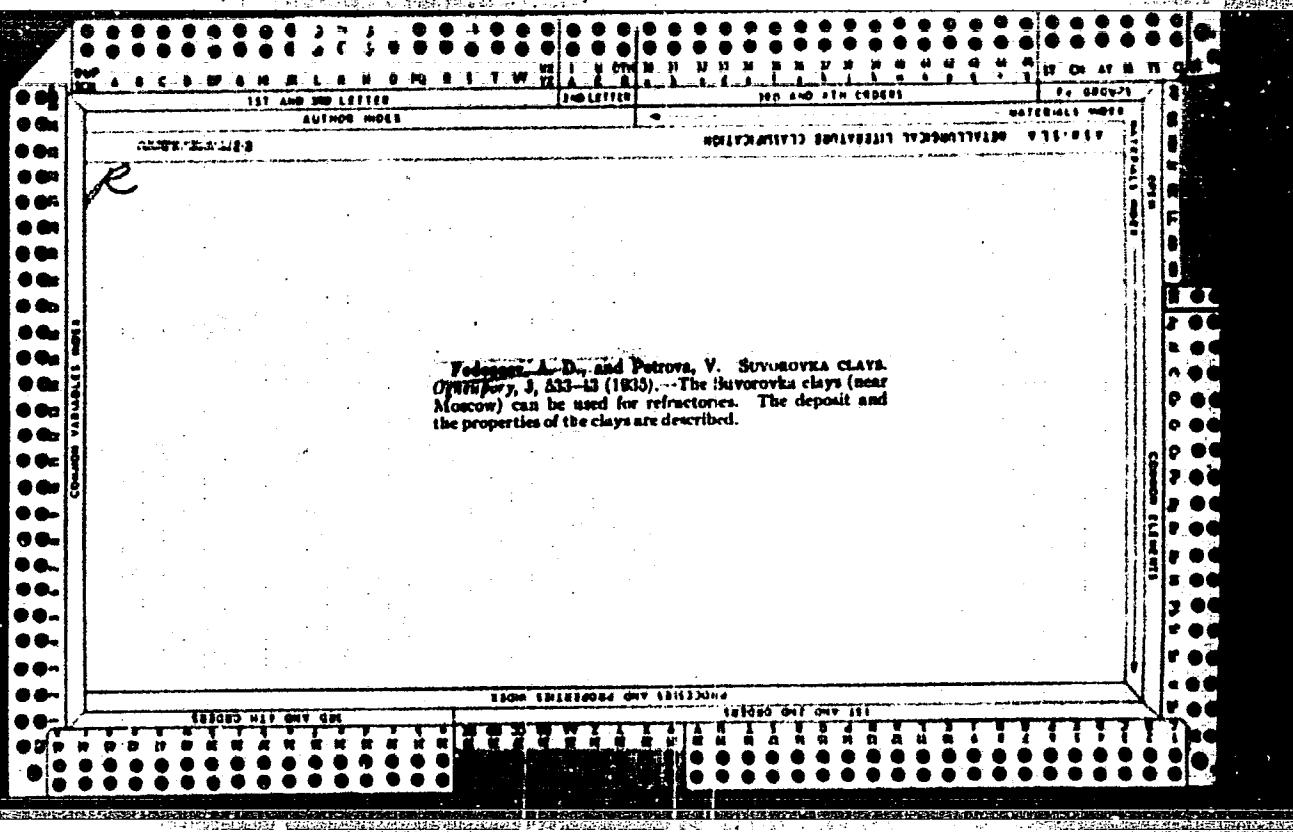
2025 RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176

Lake Shemeli, an alkali base for the Ural glass industry. A. D. Fedosey
Kremensk, Sibkra 9, No. 4, 13-14 (1961) - Mirabilitite deposits found in Lake Shemeli
are described.

ASB 31A METALLURICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

100-10000
10000-10000

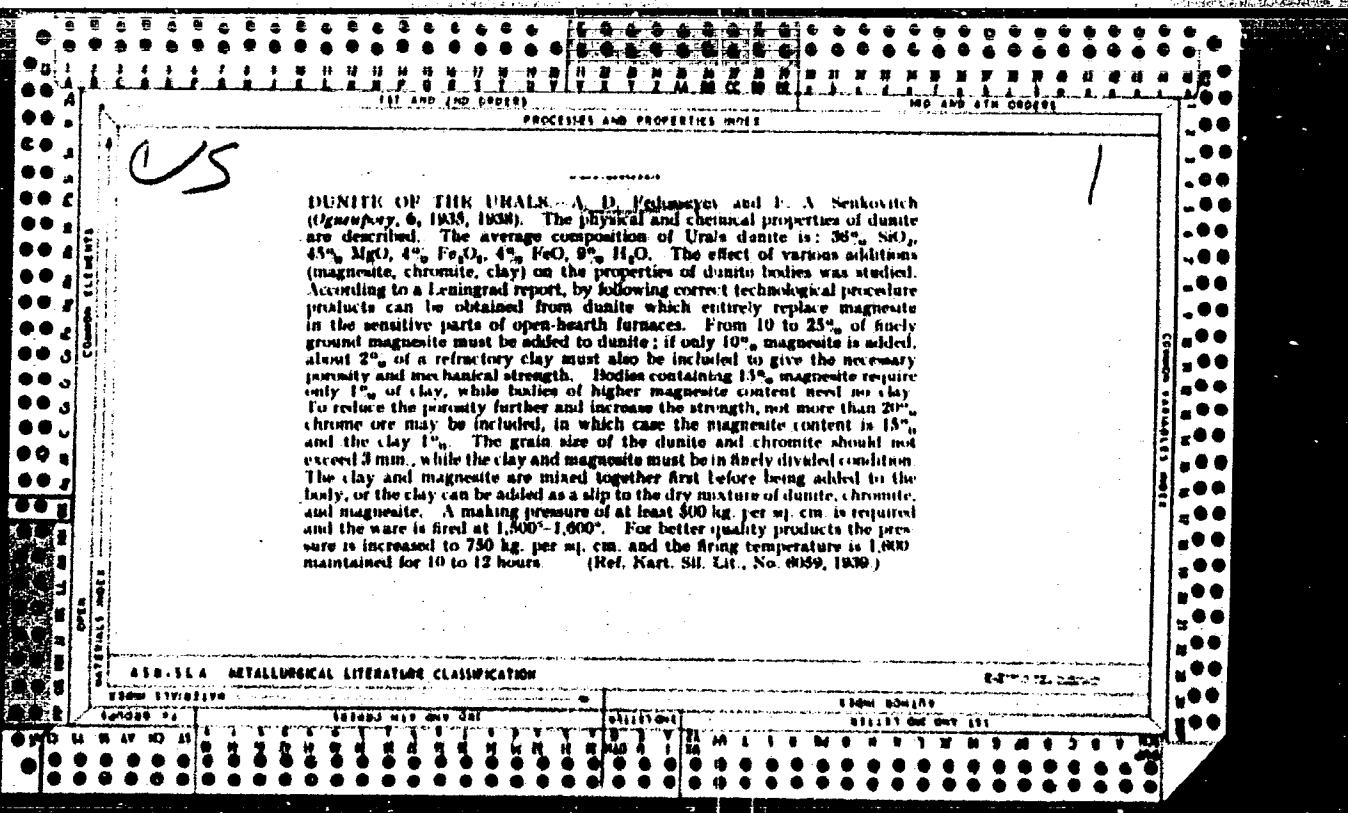


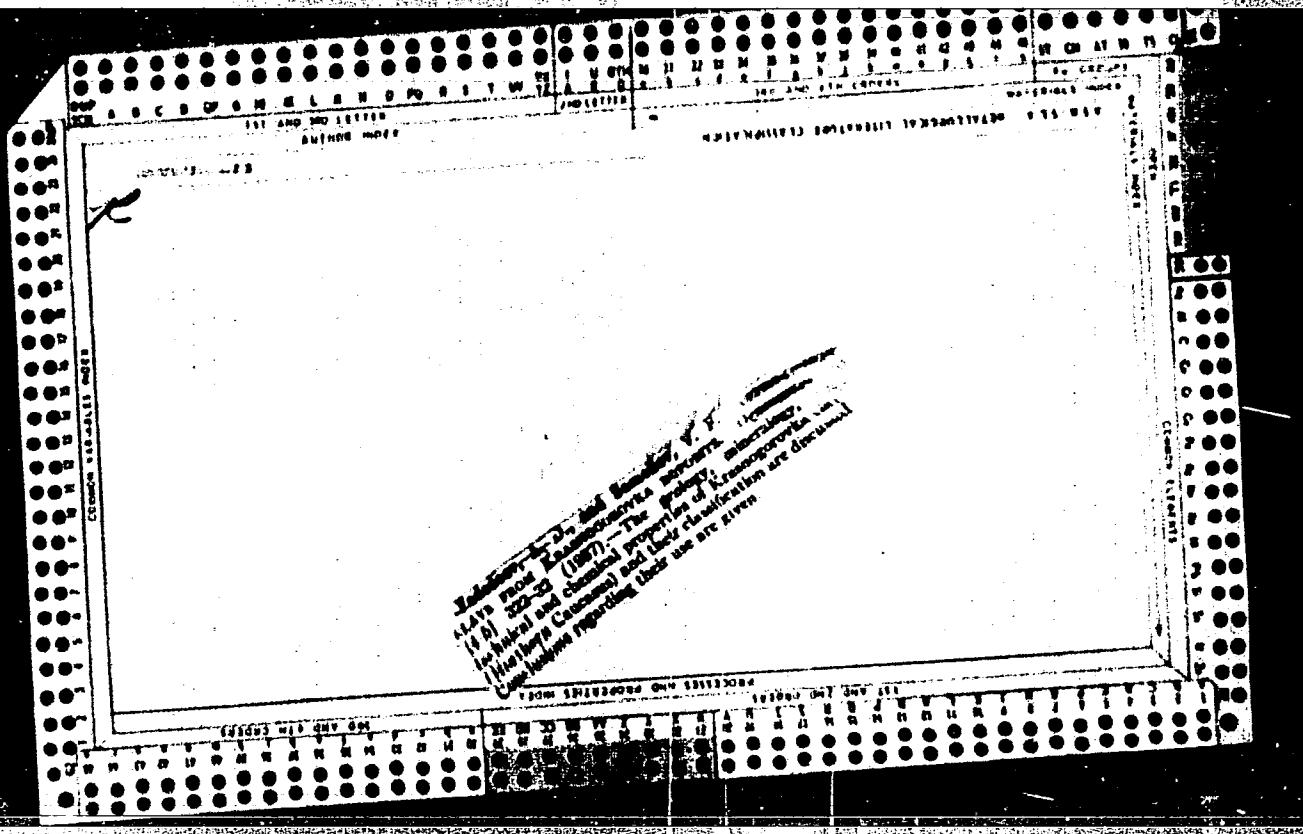


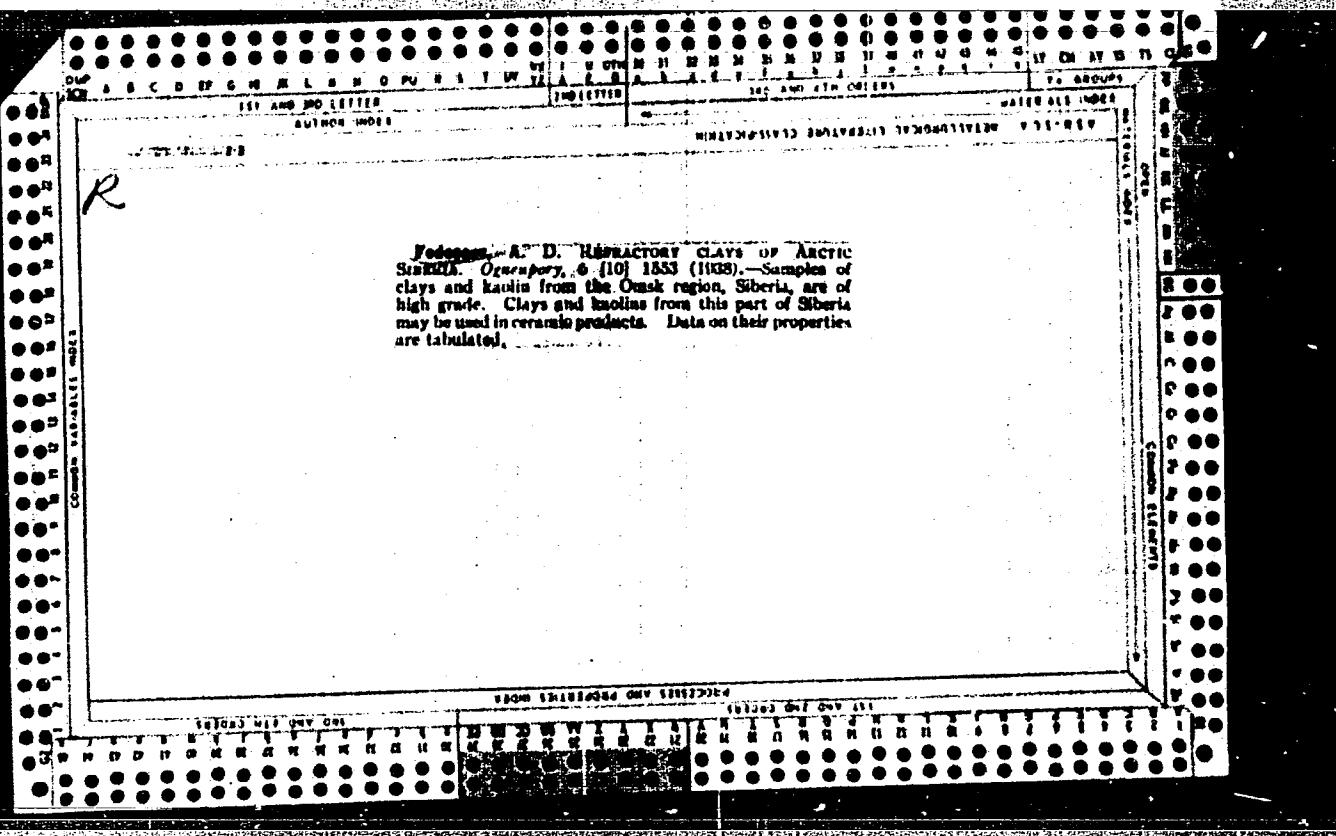
FEDOSEEV, A.D. and F.A. ZEN'KOVICH

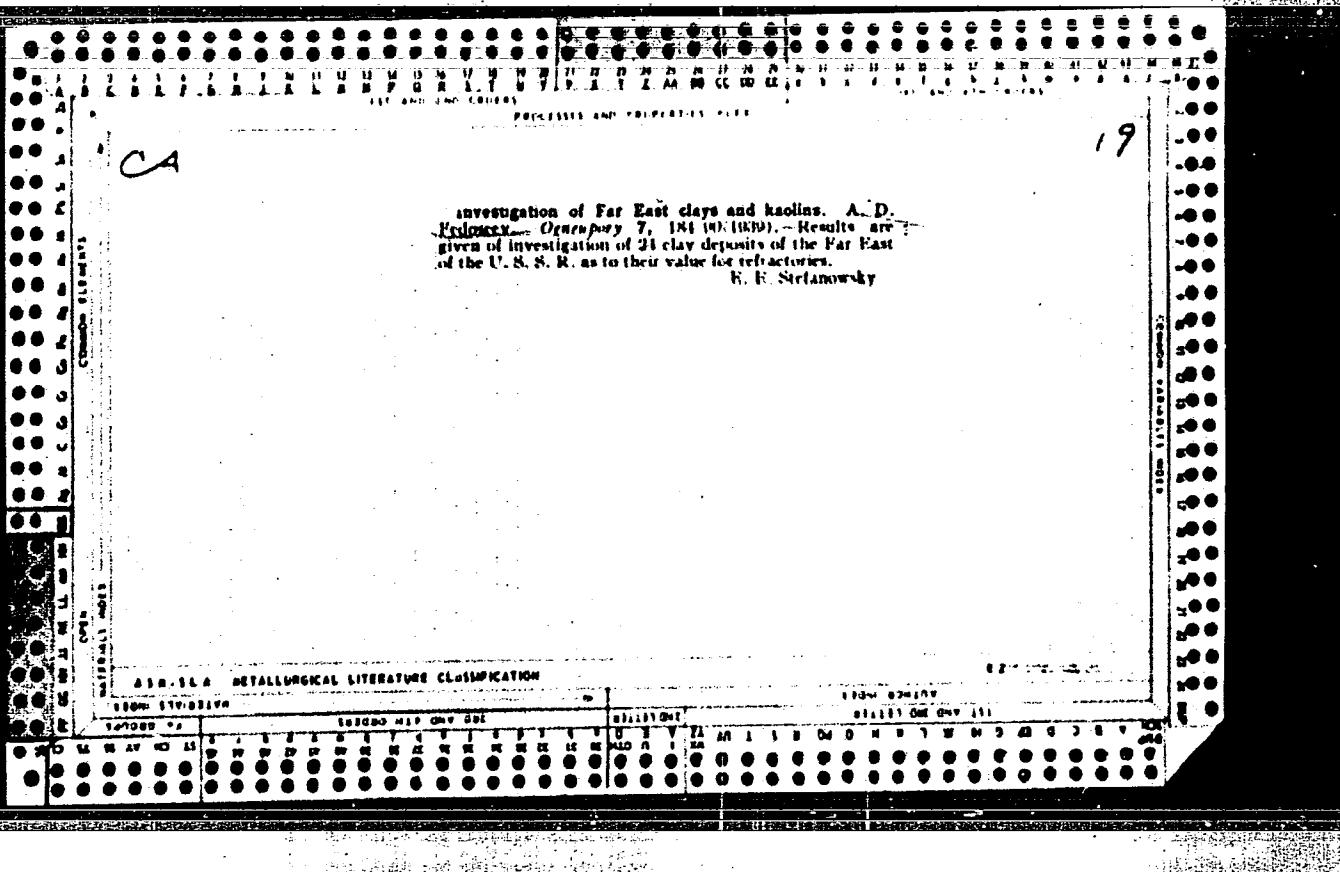
FEDOSEEV, A.D. and F.A. ZEN'KOVICH. Mestorozhdeniya glin SSSR; ogranenie,
sostav, svoistva i primenenie; pod red. P.A. Zejatchenskogo. Moskva, AN
SSSR, 1937. 652 p. (Akademia Nauk SSSR. Petrograficheskii institut im.
F. Iu. Levinson-Lessinga. Petrografiia SSSR. Seriia II, no. 2.)
Bibliography at end of chapters. DLC: QE4.O.6

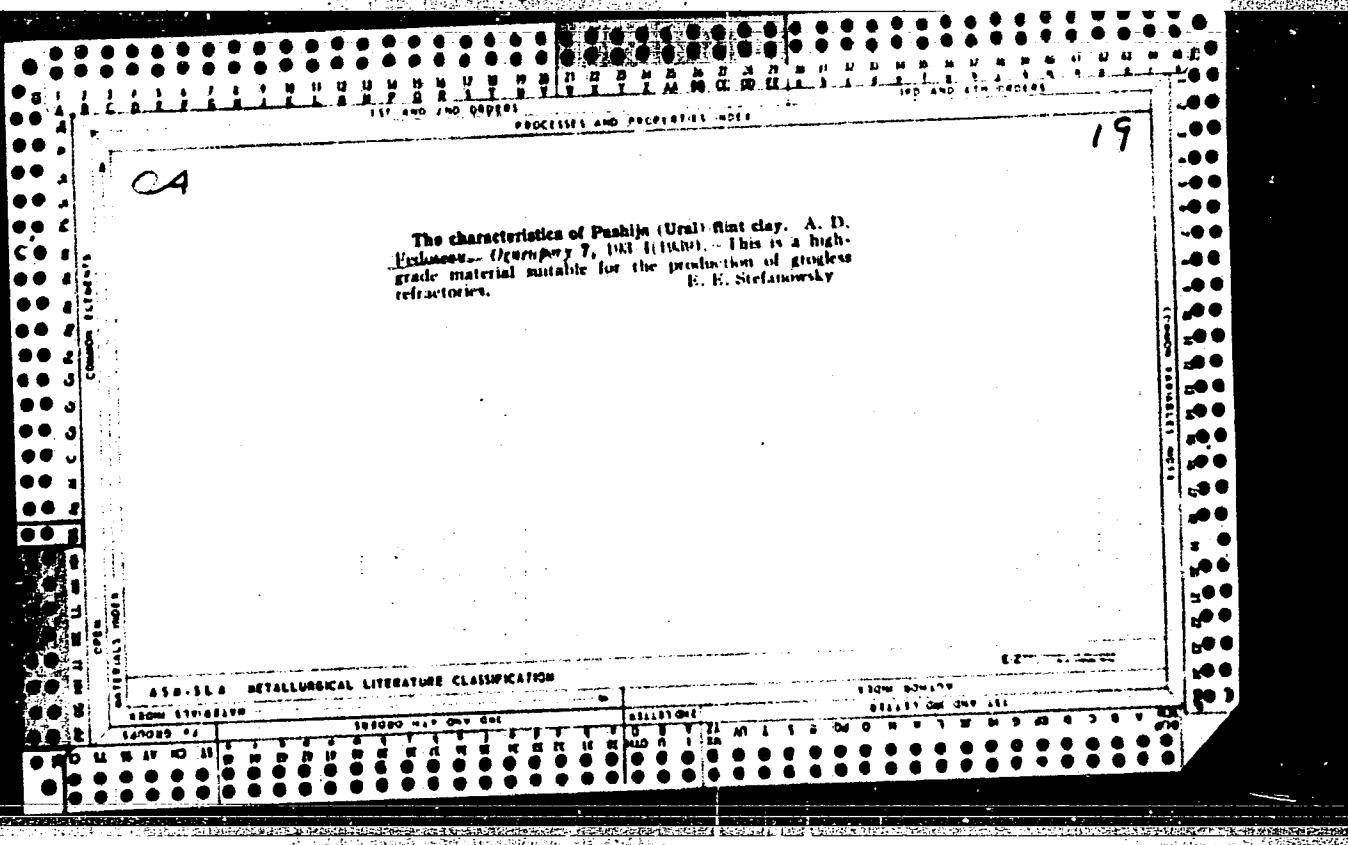
SO: LC, Soviet Geography, Part I, 1951, Uncl.

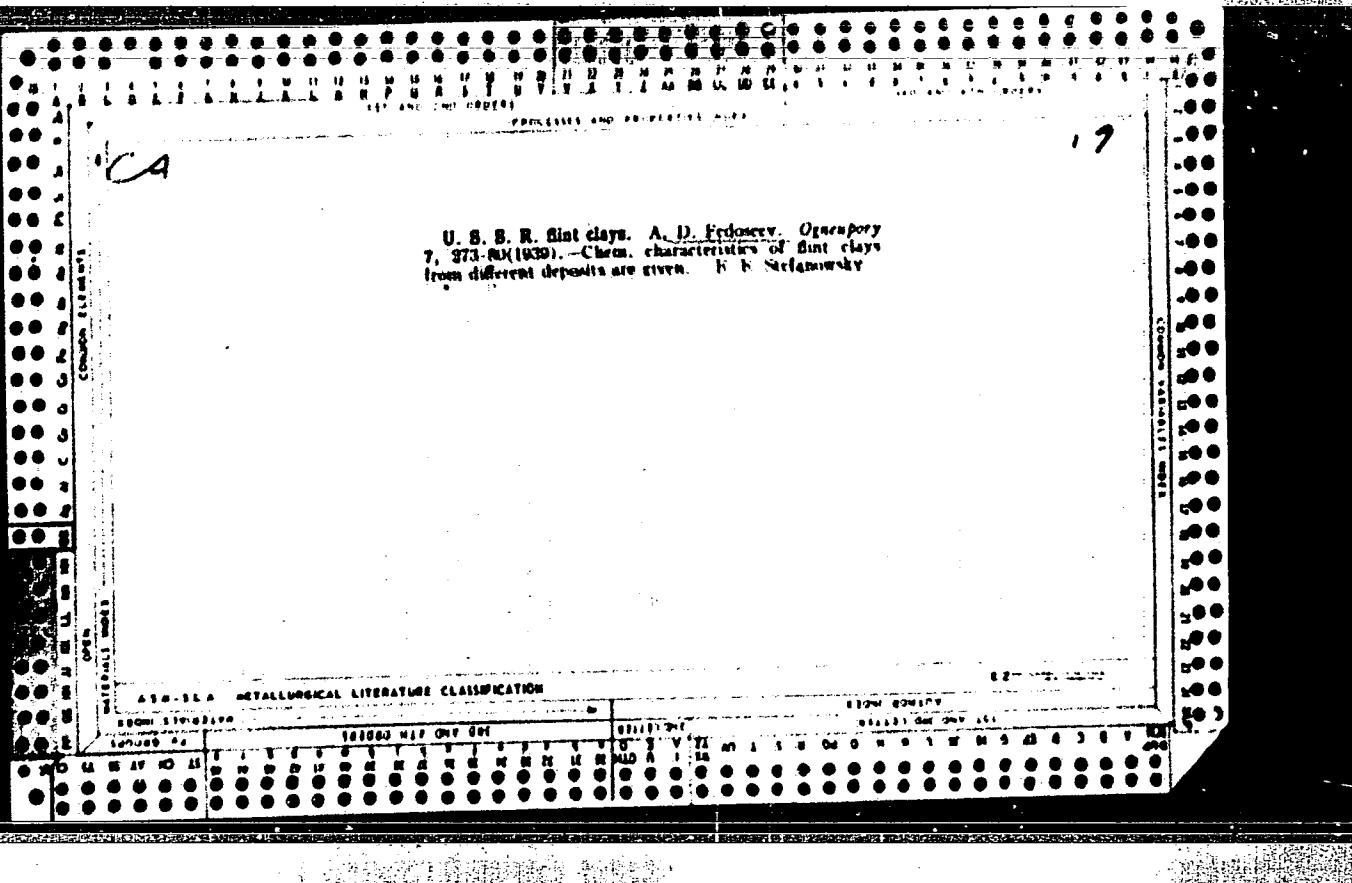


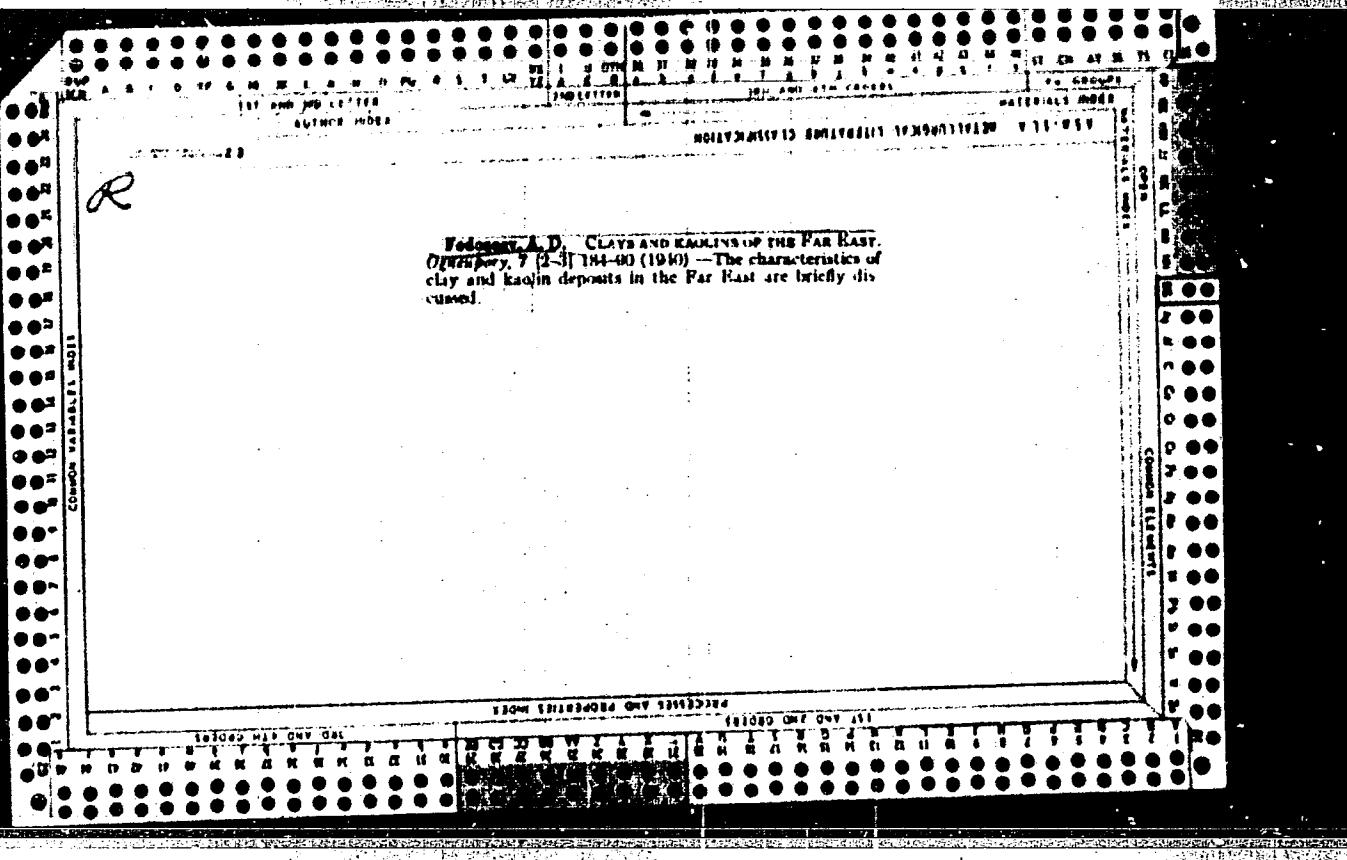


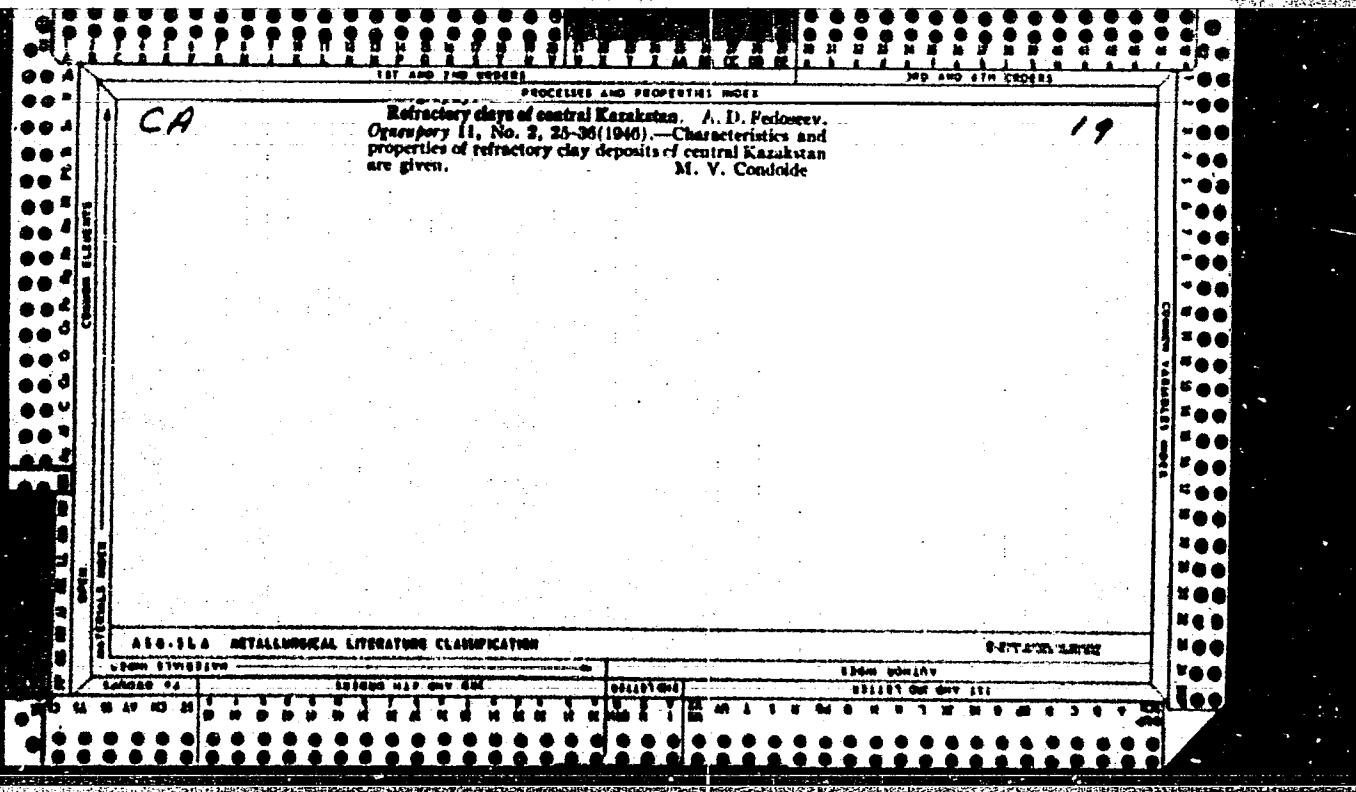


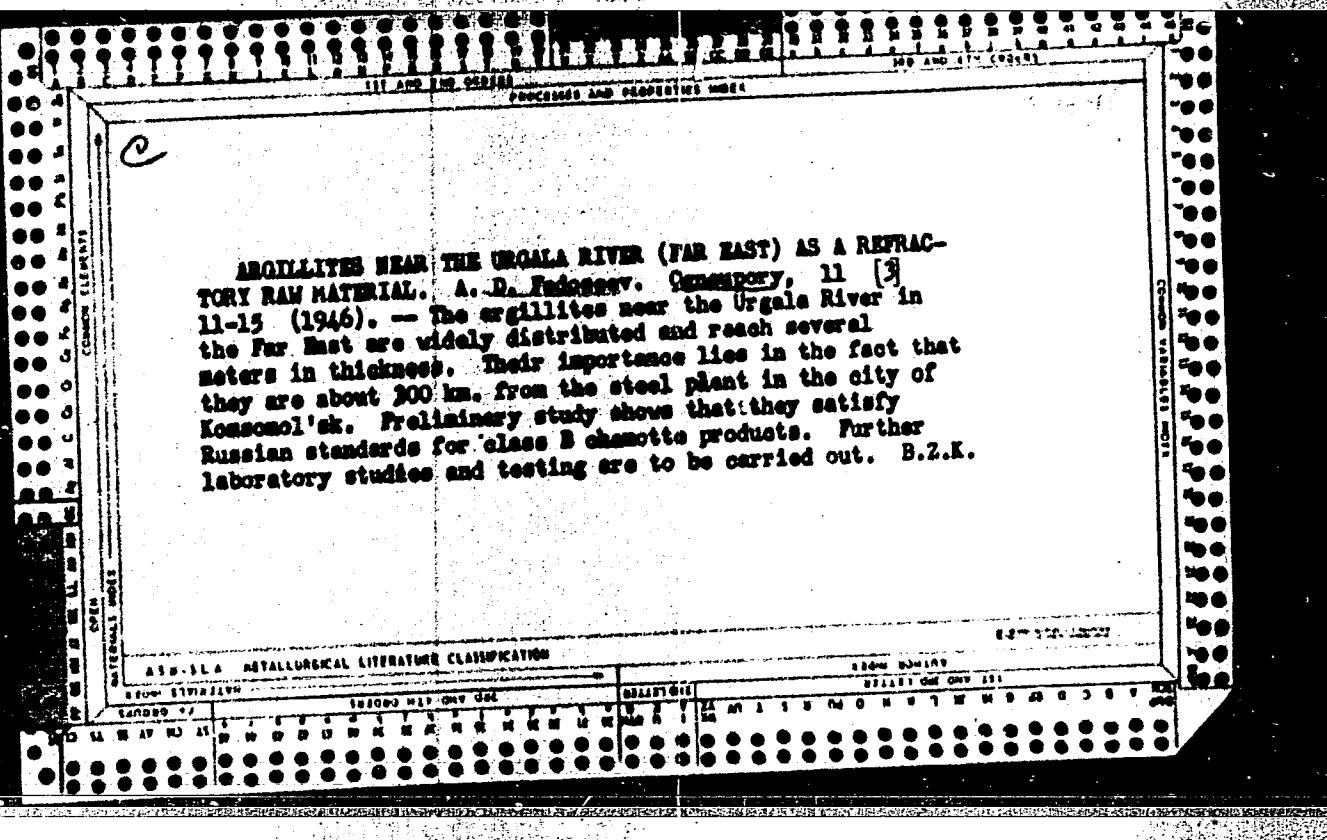


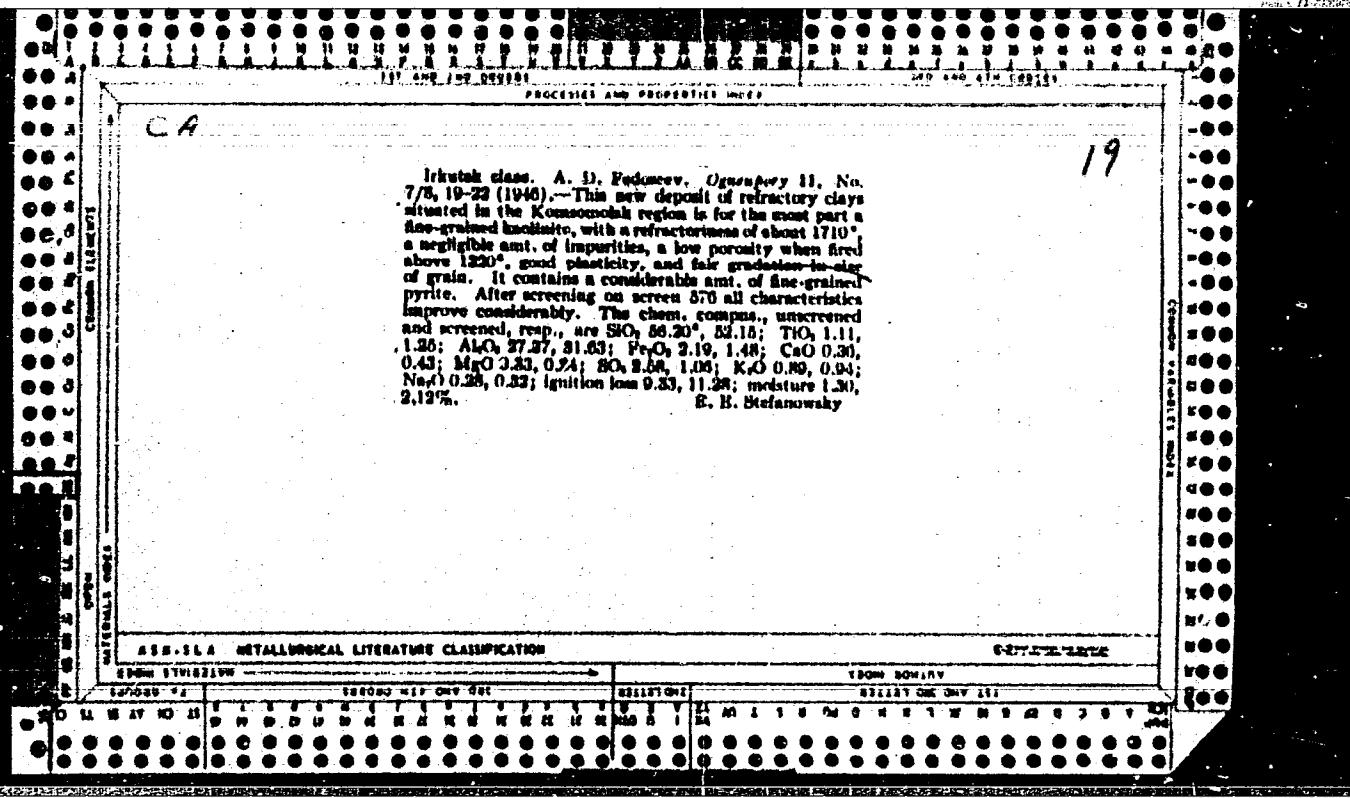


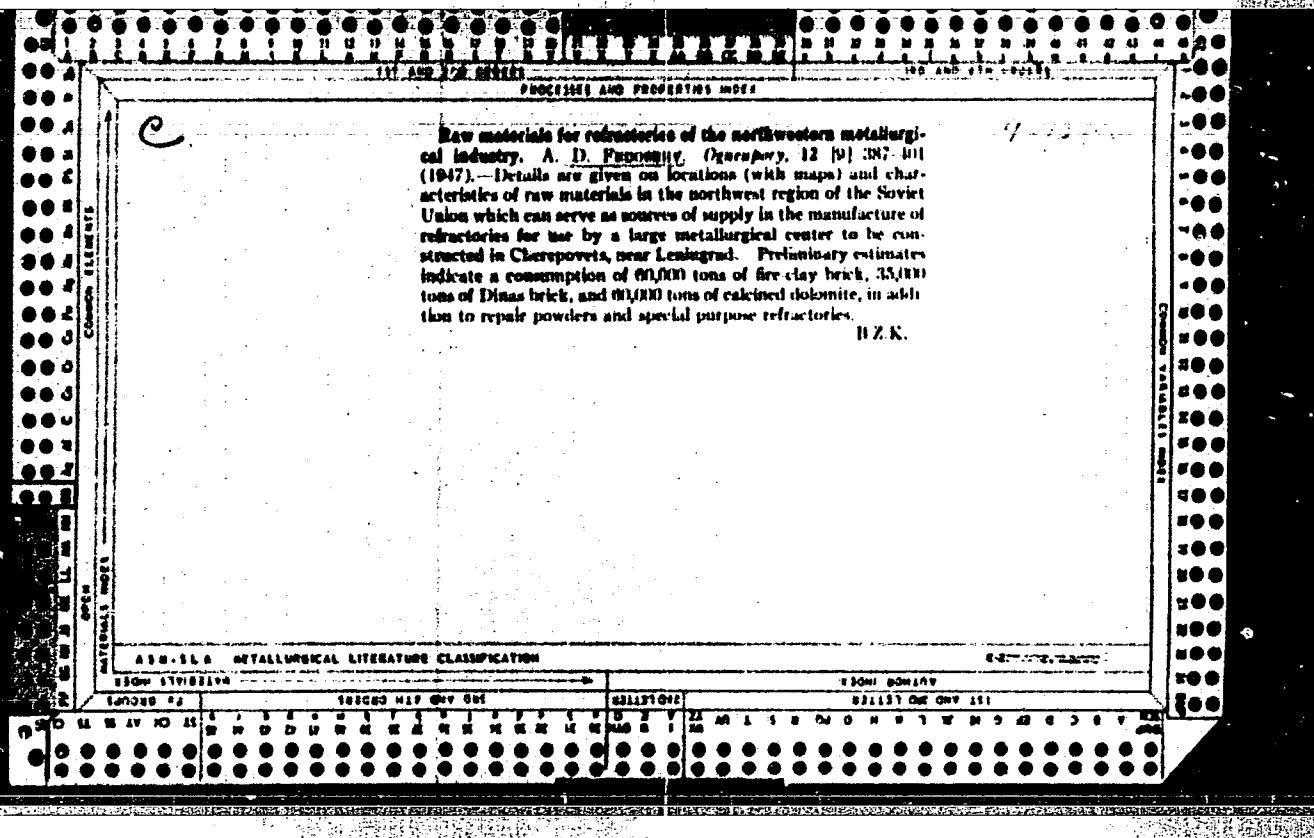












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8

Vladimirovka deposit of kaolins. A. D. Fedoseev and
T. A. Aleksandrova. *Ogonyok* 13, 7-9 (1948). Extensive data are given on the Vladimirovka kaolin deposit which is not far from Mariupol in the Donets Basin. The kaolins are considered among the best in the Ukrainian S.S.R. The content of $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3 + \text{TiO}_2$ varies from 15 to over 40%; most of the samples contained 35 to over 40%. The kaolins are mostly composed of kaolinite and quartz, the latter being noticeable only in the sandy variety. The admixts. of all other minerals are insignificant and have practically no effect on the properties and quality of the material. B. Z. Kamich

AMERICAN METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

FEDOSEYEV, A.D., professor.

In memory of Professor P.A. Zemiatchenskii. Stek. i ker.
14 no. 4:29 Ap '57. (MLRA 10:5)
(Zemiatchenskii, Petr Andreevich, 1856-1942)

FEDOSHEV, A.D.

Resources of raw materials for the refractories industry in the
Chinese Peoples' Republic. Ogneupory 22 no. 5:233-236 '57.

(MLRA 10:6)

1. Leningradskiy institut ogneuporov.

(China--Refractories industry)

FEDOSEYEV, A.D.

Basic tasks in the field of silicate studies and industry in
Transbaikalia. Krat. soob. BKNII no.1:60-62 '59. (MIRA 14:9)
(Buryat-Mongolia--Silicates)

FEDOSEYEV, A.D., doktor tekhn. nauk, prof., red.; BARZAKOVSKIY, V.P.,
doktor khim. nauk, red.; GREEBENSHCHIKOV, R.G., kand. khim. nauk,
red.; BLYUMENAU, D.I., red.; SEMENOVA, A.V., tekhn. red.

[Chemistry and use of silicates] Khimiia i prakticheskoe prime-
nenie silikatov. Pod red. A.D.Fedoseeva, V.P.Barzakovskogo, R.G.
Grebenshchikova. Leningrad, TSentr. biuro tekhn. informatsii, 1960.
238 p. (MIRA 14:9)

(Silicates)

FEDOSEYEV, A.D.

High-alumina refractory materials from Kyakhta sillimanite. Trudy
BKNII no.2:122-130 '60. (MIRA 14:10)
(Kyakhta region—Sillimanite) (Refractory materials)

FEDOSEYEV, A.D., doktor tekhn.nauk

Seventh International Congress on Ceramics in London. Zhur. VKHO 5
no.6:682-683 '60. (MIRA 13:12)
(Ceramics--Congresses)

15.2230

3009, 3209, 3309

23969
S/131/61/000/006/002/003
B105/B206

AUTHOR: Fedoseyev, A. D.

TITLE: Synthesis of chrysoberyl and the investigation of its properties as refractory material

PERIODICAL: Ogneupory, no. 6, 1961, 285-291

TEXT: Studies of the chrysoberyl (BeAl_2O_4) synthesis, conducted at the Institut khimii silikatov AN SSSR (Institute of Silicate Chemistry, AS USSR) are reported, in which B. S. Kondrat'yeva participated. The author bases his report on studies by F. Ya. Galakhov (Ref. 8: Izuchenie glinozemistoy oblasti alyumosilicatnykh sistem (Study of the alumina range of aluminum silicate systems) author's abstract, dissertation for the degree of doctor, 1958). The experiments comprised three stages:
1) Indices of the initial components and their chemical composition. The analyses were made by T. M. Makarova. In connection with the selection of mineralizers (CaO , Li_2O , MnO_2 , CaF_2 , B_2O_3 , MgO , TiO_2), the following names are mentioned: Berezhnoy, Bron, Budnikov and Cherepanov, and Poluboyarinov.

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23969
S/131/61/000/006/002/003
B105/B206

Synthesis of chrysoberyl and the ...

2) The synthesis of chrysoberyl was made without, or with 1, 2 and 3% of the mineralizers at 1830-1890°C (5 sec to 1 min) and quenching at 500-600°C. 3) From the experimental masses $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3 + \text{BeO}$ without mineralizer (I); $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3 + \text{BeO} + \text{Li}_2\text{O}$ (2%)(II) and $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3 + \text{BeO} + \text{CaO}$ (2%)(III), the results of the physical-ceramic tests are mentioned (Tables 3 and 4). Roentgenograms and thermograms of the experimental masses showed that these are identical with the natural chrysoberyl. It was established that lithium oxide and calcium oxide are considered to be the most active mineralizers. The reaction of the formation of chrysoberyl proceeds in the solid phase at 1700-1800°C, and most intensively with admixtures of 2% Li_2O or CaO . Synthetic chrysoberyl has a number of valuable technical properties as highly refractory and electric insulation material. The technology for the production of chrysoberyl masses does not differ from the common scheme of the production of highly refractory oxides. The main conditions are: previous firing of the initial oxides at 1600-1650°C, fine-grinding and careful mixing of the components, introduction of mineralizing admixtures, pressing with an organic plasticizer and firing of the products at 1750-1800°C. The toxicity of beryllium oxide must be considered in

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23969
S/131/61/000/006/002/003
B105/B206

Synthesis of chrysoberyl and the ...

this connection. The results of the study can serve as a basis for a further detailed elaboration of the technology of highly refractory chrysoberyl masses. Alumina and beryllium oxides can be used for these purposes. There are 6 figures, 4 tables, and 9 references: 4 Soviet-bloc and 5 non-Soviet-bloc. The 3 references to the English-language publications read as follows: S. M. Lang, C. L. Fillmore, L. N. Maxwell, J. Research, N. B. St., 1952, 48, 4; W. R. Foster, H. F. Royal. Journ. Amer. Cer. Soc., 1949, 32, 26; R. F. Geller, P. I. Javorciky, B. L. Steiermann, A. S. Creamer. J. Research, 1948, 36, 277.

ASSOCIATION: Institut khimii silikatov AN SSSR (Institute of Silicate Chemistry, AS USSR)

Card 3/6

23969
S/131/61/000/006/002/003
B105/B206

Synthesis of chrysoberyl and the ...

Legend to Table 3: a) Indices; b) no. of the masses, firing temperature, °C.
 1) Linear shrinkage, %; 2) during firing; 3) total shrinkage; 4) water absorption; 5) resistance to heat; 6) apparent porosity, %; 7) weight of unit volume, g/cm³; 8) specific gravity; 9) compressive strength, kg/cm²

Table 3

Показатели <i>a</i>	Масс. температура сжига, °C <i>b</i>					
	I 1700	II 1780	I 1700	II 1780	III 1700	III 1780
1 Линейная усадка, %:						
2 огневая	1,69	5,51	7,33	8,76	7,66	12,54
3 полная	1,91	5,73	8,17	9,60	8,55	13,43
4 Водопоглощение, %	20,30	18,10	12,40	6,71	7,83	4,15
5 Термостойкость, водяные теплосмены	7	9	9	14	18	12
6 Кажущаяся пористость, %	36,2	30,0	30,7	17,0	21,9	12,1
7 Объемный вес, г/см ³	1,72	1,74	2,49	2,52	2,83	2,92
8 Судебный вес	4,8	4,77	4,65	4,45	4,25	4,03
9 Предел прочности при сжатии, кг/см ²	188	312	686	980	1800	1980

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23969

S/131/61/000/006/002/003
B105/B206

Synthesis of chrysoberyl and the ...

Legend to Table 4: a) Indices; b) no. of the masses (firing at 1780°C);
1) refractoriness, °C; 2) deformation temperature under a load of 2 kg/cm²,
°C; 3) beginning of plasticity; 4) 4% compression; 5) 40% compression;
6) modulus of elasticity at 20°C, kg/cm²; 7) modulus of rigidity at 20°C,
kg/cm²; 8) Poisson's ratio μ at 20°C; 9) heat-transfer coefficient,
kcal/m.hr.degree; 10) coefficient of linear expansion up to 1200°C;
11) dielectric constant E ; 12) tangent of the angle of dielectric losses,
 $\tan \delta$; 13) electrical resistance $\log \rho$; 14) not determined; 15) ditto

Card 5/6

S/063/62/007/006/002/002
A057/A126

AUTHOR: Fedoseyev, A. D., Doctor of Technical Sciences
TITLE: VIII. International congress on ceramics in Copenhagen
PERIODICAL: Zhurnal vsesoyuznogo khimicheskogo obshchestva imeni D. I. Mendeleyeva, v. 7, no. 6, 1962, 678 - 679
TEXT: The International congress on ceramics, held in two-year intervals and called in by the European Ceramical Association, was convened in Copenhagen from May 21 - 25, 1962. More than 1,000 participants of 29 countries were present. To the Soviet delegation belonged N. A. Toropov and Doctor of Technical Sciences Professor A. D. Fedoseyev, the author of present paper. The congress was divided into the following sections: general science, refractory materials, structural ceramics, and fine ceramics. 39 reports were given in these four sections. The topics of the papers were rather different, but the main part dealded with experiments and studies of the physical chemistry and technology of refractory and ceramic materials, the development of new analytical methods and test methods for raw, semifinished and finished materials. Special attention

Card 1/3

S/063/62/007/006/002/002

VIII. International congress on ceramics in Copenhagen. A057/A126

was paid to problems of the mechanical strength of porcelain, faience, and refractory materials. The official languages of the conference were English, German, French, and Italian. Besides several reports held by authors from Western countries, two Soviet reports are mentioned in the present discussion; the report brought at the section of general science by N. A. Teropov [Institut khimii silikatov AN SSSR, Leningrad (Institute of Silicate Chemistry of the AS USSR, Leningrad)] on results obtained with I. A. Bondar', and F. Ya. Galakhov under the title: "On high-temperature solid solutions of rare-earth oxides" which paper was published already in Soviet literature. For the section of refractory materials was designated the second Soviet paper written by P. P. Budnikov [Moskovskiy khimiko-tehnologicheskiy institut im. Mendeleyeva (Moscow Institute of Chemical Technology imeni Mendeleyev)] entitled: "Heat resistant mullite-carborundum and corundum-carborundum refractory materials" not reported in the absence of the author, but fully published in the reports of the congress. These two Soviet reports are not discussed in the present paper, like the western papers, but concluding his discussion the author points out the importance of a participation of Soviet scientists in the international ceramic congress, because of personal contacts with specialists of other countries and information

Card 2/3

VIII. International congress on ceramics in Copenhagen S/063/62/007/006/002/002
upon latest developments in this field. He mentions also the leading role of
the Soviet silicate science and technique, especially in the field of rare and
rare-earth-element silicates for the production of refractory compounds and ma-
terials. The next International congress on ceramics will be held in Bruxelles
in 1964.

✓

Card 3/3

FEDOSEYEV, A. D.; KUKHARSKAYA, Ye. V.

"Organic derivates of kaolin."

Report submitted for the International Clay Conference, Stockholm,
Sweden, 12-16 Aug 63.

2025 RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176

ACCESSION NR. AT5007733

S/0000/63/000 000/0180-0190

AUTHORS: Fedoseyev, A. D.; Grigor'yeva, L. F.; Krupennikova, Z. V.

ABSTRACT: Results and study of fibrous minerals of the type of amphibole asbestos

REVIEWER: V. S. SOO R. Institut khimii stikatorov. Silikaty i okisly v khimii vysokikh temperatur i oksidov v hight-temperature chem. struk. Moscow, 1980, p. 190

CONTENTS: fibrous mineral, asbestos, synthetic amphibole, amphibole composition, synthesis, fluorapatite, fluorite, Ca₃Al₂O₆, Ca₃Al₂O₆·CaF₂, Ca₃Al₂O₆·CaF₂·Ca₃SiO₅

SYNOPSIS:

ABSTRACT: The authors studied the conditions of formation of amphiboles having a composition similar to asbestos by the method of synthesis.

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Cord 1/2

ACCESSION NR: AT5007733

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richterite was shown to be very close in composition to theoretical richterite. The
chemical composition of richterite was analyzed thermogravimetrically and the changes

in weight were studied by optical methods. The chemical composition of synthetic richterite
was determined by G. A. Rossen and J. C. L. V. de Groot. The chemical composition of synthetic amphibolite was determined by K. G.
Korzhenevskaya and Y. N. Kremleva. In the present work the chemical composition of richterite
was determined using a microchemical method. Using the method of analysis

ASSOCIATION: none

SUBMITTED: 0000063 ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: MT

NO REF SOV: 007 OTHER: 018

Card 2/2 / 5

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, July 27, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R00041272

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, July 27, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R00041272

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, July 27, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R00041272

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, July 27, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R00041272

ACCESSION NR: AP3000130

S/0062/63/000/005/0932/0934

AUTHOR: Skorik, Yu. I.; Gileva, K. G.; Ku^hharakaya, E. V.; Fedoseyev, A. D.

TITLE: Increasing the number of surface triple-bond Si single-bond OH groups in lamellar silicate

SOURCE: AN SSSR. Izvestiya. Otdeleniye khimicheskikh nauk, no. 5, 1963, 932-934

TOPIC TAGS: chrysotile, serpentine asbestos, acid hydroxyl groups, kaolin, ultrasound irradiation

ABSTRACT: The surface of natural chrysotile (serpentine asbestos) contains a significant amount of acid hydroxyl groups (approximately 1.3%) bound to the Si atoms. The number of -OH groups can be increased by pulverizing the silicate ultrasonically in an aqueous medium (about 2% -OH in 1/2 hour). The method of analysis for free H atom which was proposed by Terents'yev and Kireyeva (Izv. AN SSSR, Otd. khim. n. 1951, 172) was used for the quantitative determination of the triple-bond Si single-bond OH group on the surface of the silicate. The -OH in kaolin was similarly increased by ultrasound irradiation from about 0.6 to 1.8%. Orig. art. has: 1 table.

Cord 1/2

ACCESSION NR: AP3000130

ASSOCIATION: Institut khimii silikatov im. I. V. Gribenshchikova Akademii nauk
SSSR (Institute of Silicate Chemistry, Academy of Sciences SSSR)

SUBMITTED: 12Dec62 DATE ACQ: 12Jun63 ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: CH NO REF Sov: 003 OTHER: 008

Card 2/2

KUKHARSKAYA, E.V.; FEDOSEYEV, A.D.

Organic derivatives of silicates with laminated structure.
Usp.khim. 32 no.9:1113-1123 S '63. (MIRA 16:9)

1. Institut khimii silikatov AN SSSR.
(Silicates) (Silicon organic compounds)

FEDOSEYEV, A.D.; KORYTKOVA, E.N.

Behavior of zeolites of the natrolite group during heating. Zap. Vses. min. ob-va 92 no. 4:410-419 '63. (MIRA 17:2)

1. Institut khimii silikatov imeni I.V. Grebenshchikova AN SSSR, Lenin-grad.

FEDOSEYEV, A.D., doktor tekhn.nauk

International Conference on Clays in Sweden. Zhur.VKHO 9 no. 2:
224-225 '64. (MIRA 17;9)

FEDOSEYEV, A.D., doktor tekhn. nauk, prof.

International forum for the study of clay held in Stockholm.
Stroi. mat. 1C no.1:38-39 Ja'64. (MIRA 17:5)

FADOMYEV, A.P., doktor tekhn. nauk

International congress in Sweden on the study and use of
clay. Stek. i. ker. 23 no.1:44-45 Ja 1964. (MIK 17:8)

FR00336YEV, A.D.

International conference on the study and use of plants. Ogranichny
29 no.1:44-46 '64. (MIRA 17:3)

1. Institut khimii silitkova im. I.V. Gubanshchikova AN SSSR.

FEDOSEYEV, A.D.; CHIGAREVA, O.G.

Synthetic fibrous fluorine-magnesium arfvedsonite. Dokl. AN
SSSR 156 no. 5:1130-1132 Je '64. (MIRA 17:6)

1. Institut khimii silikatov im. I.V.Grebenshchikova AN SSSR.
Predstavлено академиком I.V.Tananayevym.

KORYTKOVA, E.N.; FEDOSEYEV, A.D.

Dehydration and structural deformations of desmine on heating.
Izv. AN SSSR Ser. khim. no.11:1925-1930 N '64 (MIRA 18:1)

1. Institut khimii silikatov im. I.V. Grebenshchikova AN SSSR.